

# THE CHELSEA HERALD.

W. P. ALLISON, Editor and Proprietor.

"Of the People and for the People."

Single Copies 5 Cents.

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CHELSEA, MICH., THURSDAY, JUNE 23, 1898.

NUMBER 44.

## Hundreds of Bargains

AT THE

## Big Store.

Space will not permit us to make mention of them all.

Not old stuff marked down, but new stylish, up-to-date clean merchandise, at the lowest prices you ever heard of. You will never invest a cent in old truck offered by some dealers after seeing the new goods we are offering every day, and placing on sale at from one-half to two-thirds regular retail prices. Seeing is better than hearing. Come and look for prices at this store.

### W. P. SCHENK & COMPANY.

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Oliver and Burch Plows, Spring and Spike-tooth Harrows, Steel Land Rollers, Buggies, Wagons and Surreys.

Garden Tools at Lowest Prices.

Farmers' favorite Superior Drills.

Special Prices on Furniture during May.

### HOAG & HOLMES.

## Important Notice!!

### No Fire Sale. No Humbug.

We wish to reduce our stock of Woolens and Trimmings, consisting of the very best goods for Suits, Overcoats, Odd Pants and Vests, also some of those valuable Remnants for Children's Suits and Knee Pants, before removing to our new store. So for the next

## 10 DAYS

We shall offer you the choice of our large stock at greatly reduced prices, in order to get the goods out and thereby keep our large force of workers employed while we are moving into our new store.

Samples Furnished on Application.

We carry the largest and best stock, and employ the most and best tailors and tailoresses in Washtenaw County.

It will save you dollars in value, and afford you hours of pleasure, if you leave your order with us.

We show you the goods not samples.

### J. J. RAFTREY,

The Leading Tailor, Chelsea, Michigan.

## WE

Now have a

### Complete Stock

Buggies, Road Wagons, Surricks, and Farm Wagons,

In our New Store on Middle Street.

Call and get our lowest prices before you purchase. It will pay you.

### W. J. KNAPP.

#### Washington News.

Washington, D. C., June 17, 1898.—The war news of the week, excepting that which dealt with the brave manner in which the 600 marines landed by Admiral Sampson to hold the shore at Guantanamo Bay, where a cable station is to be located have fought night and day against a force of several thousand Spaniards, has not been exciting, but it has been important. That much delayed army commanded by Gen. Shafter is actually on its way to Santiago, and will be landed not later than Monday or Tuesday in Cuba. By this time next week it will be known whether the task assigned to Gen. Shafter—the capture of Santiago—will be short and easy or long and hard. Admiral Sampson has notified the Secretary of the navy that his marines ashore had been reinforced by the insurgents and were in no danger of being overwhelmed by the superior force of the enemy. This was really the most agreeable news of the week, as the latest news of those marines previous to Admiral Sampson's dispatch had caused many to fear that the entire force might be massacred before the army could reach them. Much indignation is expressed on account of the savage and brutal manner in which the Spanish mutilated the corpses of several of these marines who were killed in the first night attack upon them, but those who know the Spanish nature were not surprised.

The House adopted the joint resolution providing for the annexation of Hawaii by a vote of 210 to 92, and President McKinley is quoted as saying that the Senate must do likewise before he will give his consent to the adjournment of Congress. 56 Senators are committed to annexation.

Those Senators who have been professing to be surprised and shocked over the statement that a lobbyist was employed to get the claim of the Southern Methodist Church through Congress, which was recently paid, after being before Congress for more than twenty years, can hardly expect the country to take them seriously. Every body else in Washington knows that lobbyists are employed in nearly every case where large claims are dependent upon a Congressional appropriation for their payment, if Senators do not, and not a few of the lobbyists are men who have been in Congress. The idea of a Senate committee making an investigation, as ordered by the resolution adopted, to find out whether the report that this particular lobbyist received 35 per cent of the money paid is as farcical as the investigation a few years ago to ascertain how executive secrets got out. Senator Morgan says the heirs of John Roach paid lobbyists 50 per cent of the \$388,000 recently appropriated by Congress to pay their claims. It would probably be impossible to find a claimant who has received money through an act of Congress who did not pay some of it to lobby lists.

#### List of Patents

Granted to Michigan inventors this week, reported by C. A. Snow & Co., solicitors of American and foreign patents, opposite United States patent office, Washington, D. C.:

E. Billburgh, Grand Rapids, Awning. D. Harrison, Lansing, Hose-supporter. F. C. Hughes, Detroit, Telephone-switch board system. I. Kinney, Detroit, Combined foot-scraper and wiper. J. M. Merritt, Homer, Hydro carbon-burner. J. R. Mikesell, Charlotte, Axle-bearing and hub. M. Murray, Detroit, Glove. H. B. Robischung, Kalamazoo, Brake-beam. W. J. Selby, Burr Oak, Stove or furnace. W. W. Smith, Detroit, Journal-box. For copy of any of the above patents send 10c in postage stamps with date of this paper to C. A. Snow & Co., Washington, D. C.

For copy of any patent send 6 cents in postage stamps with date of this paper to C. A. Snow & Co., Washington.

#### Excursions.

Bay View camp meeting and Bay View assembly, July and August, one first class limited fare for round trip.

Camp meeting, Eaton Rapids, July 27 to Aug. 8, one first class fare for round trip.

Camp meeting, Island Lake, July 1 to Aug. 30, 1898. One and one-third first class fare for round trip.

Camp meeting, Haslett Park, July 28 to Aug. 31, 1898. One and one-third first class fare for round trip.

## Pure Paris Green

AT THE

## BANK DRUG STORE.

# WALL PAPER

We carry Lowney's Chocolates in all sized packages, and a full line of fresh candy.

## FRUIT JARS

Fitted with heavy covers and rubbers.

Highest market price for eggs at the Bank Drug Store.

Notice our prices on Clocks and Watches before buying.

Try our 25c N. O. molasses.

Lamp wicks 1c per yard.

Choice honey 12c per lb.

Light table syrup 25c per gal.

Cucumber pickles 5c per doz.

Good tomatoes 7c per can.

25 boxes matches for 25c.

5 boxes tacks for 5c.

6 doz clothespins for 5c.

Good Coffee 10 cents per pound.

Electric kerosine oil 9 cents gal.

7 cakes Jackson soap for 25 cents.

Good sugar corn 7 cents per can.

Good Alaska Salmon 10c per can

Good sugar syrup 20c per gal.

8 pounds best oatmeal for 25 cents.

7 cans sardines for 25 cents.

4 1/2 lbs crackers for 25c.

Poultry powder 15c per package.

18 pounds Fine Granulated Sugar for \$1.00

## Glazier & Stimson



## A MAN'S ATTIRE

Is his certificate of respectability.

Suits and Overcoats we produce have this certificate. Try us and be convinced.

GEO. WEBSTER.

## If You Want to Save Money

## Trade at the Pure Food Store

I will not be undersold.

### JOHN BAUMGARDNER,

Designer and Builder of

### \* Artistic Granite Memorials. \*

Office, 6 Detroit St., Ann Arbor, Mich.

Established 1868.

We keep on hand large quantities of all the various granites in the rough, and are prepared to execute fine monumental work on short notice. Original Designs. Correspondence Solicited. Electric Works 6, 8, 10, Detroit St., and 17-19 5th Ave. Dock and Derrick 2-8 Miller Ave.

# THE CHELSEA HERALD

A. ALLISON, Editor and Proprietor.

CHELSEA, MICHIGAN

## JUNE—1898.

Sun.	Mon.	Tue.	Wed.	Thur.	Fri.	Sat.
....	....	....	1	2	3	4
5	6	7	8	9	10	11
12	13	14	15	16	17	18
19	20	21	22	23	24	25
26	27	28	29	30	....	....

## THE WEEK'S NEWS

### Happenings of the Past Seven Days in Brief.

### ROUND ABOUT THE WORLD

#### Casualties and Fires, Personal and Political Notes, Business Failures and Resumptions, Weather Record.

### INTELLIGENCE FROM ALL PARTS

#### CONGRESSIONAL

#### Proceedings of First Regular Session.

An act authorizing the appointment of a nonpartisan commission to collate information and to consider and recommend legislation to meet the problems presented by labor, agriculture and capital was passed in the senate on the 13th. In the house the time was occupied in discussing the Hawaiian annexation resolution.

A resolution was adopted in the senate on the 14th to investigate payments made by congress to agents or lobbyists in connection with the claims of the book concern of the M. E. church, south. In the house a few private bills were disposed of and the Hawaiian debate occupied the remainder of the session.

After the passage of a large batch of private pension bills the senate on the 15th resumed consideration of the International American bank bill. By a vote of 209 to 91 the house adopted the Newlands resolutions for the annexation of Hawaii. The general deficiency bill, carrying an aggregate of \$224,022,323, was reported. All but \$18,205,026 is for war expenses, and \$8,070,872 of these ordinary deficiencies are for pensions.

The Hawaiian annexation resolution passed by the house was received in the senate on the 16th and referred to the committee on foreign relations. The bill to incorporate the International American bank was further considered. In the house the bill supplemental to the war revenue measure designed to supply some omissions and to strengthen the means of administering the revenue act was passed and the general deficiency bill was discussed. A bill was introduced to increase the army ration by the addition of one-quarter of a pound of pure American cheese.

#### WAR NEWS.

Admiral Sampson made an official report to Washington that all of Cervera's fleet are in Santiago harbor.

A general order has been issued to the effect that no native of the Philippines shall be enlisted in the army of the United States.

In the second night attack of the Spanish on the marines at Guantanamo two of the Americans were killed and several others were wounded. The marines are determined to hold the ground until the troops arrive.

Vienna dispatches say Spain is urging Europe to request the United States to permit only American troops to occupy Manila, fearing the atrocities of the insurgents.

Treasury officials in Washington say the indications are that the \$200,000,000 war loan will be largely oversubscribed.

The defenses at Havana have been strengthened by a double rampart and 50,000 Spanish troops are said to be within the walls of the city.

The dynamite cruiser Vesuvius fired three shells at a Santiago fort, practically destroying it. The cruiser New Orleans battered down new defenses which the Spaniards were erecting.

Admiral Sampson reported to Washington that the Cuban general, Rabbi, had occupied Acerraderos, only eight miles from Santiago, and practically a suburb of that Spanish stronghold.

The treasury department is flooded with subscriptions for the war loan. In addition an eastern syndicate offers to take all the loan, or so much of it as is not subscribed for.

American marines routed a large force of Spaniards in camp near Guantanamo bay and killed 40 of the guerrilla band. One American was wounded. A force of Cubans cooperated with the attacking party.

The secretary of war sent to congress estimates for appropriations for the army up to January 1 next amounting to \$13,200,000. The amount so far asked on account of the war is approximately \$391,000,000.

News comes from Havana by way of Jamaica that the people are starving and that many Americans are imprisoned.

According to advices from Madrid Gen. Blanco has been authorized to exchange Lieut. Hobson and the Merrimac prisoners.

Assurances have been received from Berlin that the German government has no intention of interfering in the Philippine question.

The fort and earthworks at Caimanera, near Guantanamo, were destroyed by a bombardment from the Texas, Marblehead and Suwanee.

It is expected that the third Manila expedition will leave San Francisco in about ten days.

The Spaniards are being driven from their outposts in the Philippines, and their condition is becoming critical.

Advices from Key West say that more than 5,000 Spanish volunteers and many regulars from Puerto Principe and Neuvitas garrisons have deserted to the patriot army.

The warships under Admiral Sampson bombarded the forts of Santiago de Cuba for the third time. El Morro was spared, owing to the presence of Lieut. Hobson and his companions, but all the other defenses were probably rendered useless. The loss of life on the Spanish side was considerable.

It was again announced at Madrid that the Spanish reserve squadron had sailed from Cadiz.

The president has decided to send at once a second expedition of 6,000 men from Tampa to reinforce Gen. Shafter.

#### DOMESTIC.

The National Reform Press association met in Omaha with 150 delegates present.

The four children of Alexander McCarthy were burned to death at Parkersburg, W. Va.

Five men were killed in a mine disaster at Statts City, Mo.

Severe earthquake shocks were felt at Evansville, Ind., Memphis, Tenn., Paducah, Ky., and at Chester and Cairo, Ill.

A railway engine exploded at Ironton, O., killing Engineer Robert Royer and fatally injuring Fireman Andy Folt and Brakeman Noble.

The village of Canyon City, Alaska, was wiped out by fire.

Moses Ricks and his father (colored) were lynched by a mob near Clarendon, Ark., for assaulting a white woman.

A cloudburst in the vicinity of Chelsea Park, a suburban pleasure resort near Kansas City, Kan., caused the death of five persons.

At Tacoma, Wash., James Bartlett shot and killed Clarence Emery, his rival, and Tillie Millet, his sweetheart, and then blew his own brains out.

John S. Johnson and Karl Kaiser made two miles in a tandem bicycle in Philadelphia in 3:57, beating the world's record.

Burglars murdered William Gordon and his wife and William Curley at Wetumpka, Ala., and burned their residence.

At the commencement exercises of Princeton (N. J.) university Admiral Dewey was honored with the degree of LL. D.

The supreme lodge, Knights of Honor, in session in Washington, decided not to admit women to membership in the order.

The schooner Gypsum Princess, of Parrsboro, N. S., was sunk in a collision near New York and Capt. Merriam and his wife and three children were drowned.

Caleb Gaines (colored) was taken from jail at Glasgow, Ky., and hanged by a mob for assaulting a four-year-old girl.

The business portion of Grove City, Pa., was destroyed by fire.

The Boston (Mass.) Woven Hose and Rubber company made an assignment with liabilities of \$1,200,000.

At the congress of labor commissioners in Detroit, Mich., Carroll D. Wright, United States labor commissioner, was reelected president.

Fire at Lagrange, Mo., destroyed ten business houses.

#### PERSONAL AND POLITICAL.

The Sixth district populists and democrats in convention at St. Cloud, Minn., renominated Charles A. Towne (silver rep.) for congress.

The republicans of Illinois in state convention at Springfield nominated the following ticket: State treasurer Floyd Williams, Springfield; superintendent of public instruction, Alfred Bayliss, Streator; trustees of the University of Illinois, F. L. Hatch, McHenry county; A. F. Nightingale, Chicago; Alice Asbury Abbott, Chicago.

Ohio democrats will hold their state convention in Columbus August 23.

The republicans of Wisconsin will hold their state convention at Milwaukee August 17.

Ex-Gov. DeWitt C. Senter died at Morristown, Tenn., aged 67 years.

Congressional nominations: Iowa, Fifth district, Robert G. Cousins (rep.) renominated; Eighth district, George L. Finn (fusionist). Ohio, Sixteenth district, Lorenzo Danford (rep.) renominated; Twenty-first district, Theodore E. Burton (rep.) renominated.

In convention in Minneapolis the Minnesota democrats, populists and silver republicans fused and nominated a state ticket headed by John Lind for governor.

Kansas populists met in Topeka and renominated John W. Leedy for governor.

Bolting Minnesota populists met in Minneapolis and nominated a ticket headed by L. C. Long, of Magnolia, for governor.

The colored republicans of Alabama met in Birmingham and nominated a ticket headed by Rev. A. J. Warner, of Birmingham, for governor.

The New Jersey prohibition state convention nominated George Lamonte, of Bound Brook, for governor.

#### FOREIGN.

By the collapse of a building at Biot, France, 30 persons were killed.

The revolution which has prevailed in Venezuela for the past six months ended by the defeat and capture of Hernandez, its leader.

President Perola opened the Peruvian congress at Lima.

#### LATER.

The Newlands resolutions for the annexation of the Hawaiian islands was favorably reported to the United States senate on the 17th, and the conferees report on the bankruptcy bill was also presented. A resolution was introduced and referred extending the thanks of congress to Naval Constructor Hobson and the volunteer crew of the Merrimac. Adjourned to the 20th. In the house the general deficiency bill occupied the time. At the evening session several private pension bills were passed.

The United States senate was not in session on the 18th. In the house the session was devoted chiefly to eulogies upon the life and character of former Senator Harris, of Tennessee.

Admiral Dewey reported to the navy department that he was still maintaining the blockade at Manila and that the insurgents entirely surrounded the city.

The four negroes who murdered Mr. Carden and his wife and an old man named Carlee near Wetumpka, Ala., were lynched by a mob.

The council general of Catalonia, representing the mercantile intelligence of Spain, has called on the Madrid government to sue for peace on any terms.

Mrs. John P. Sawyer was shot and killed at Moline, Kan., by her husband, a prominent man, who mistook her for a burglar.

Capt. Gen. Blanco has refused to entertain a proposition to exchange the Merrimac prisoners.

During the absence of her parents Mary Seldon, the 17-year-old daughter of Thomas Seldon, was murdered near Pepin, Wis., and the house robbed of \$400 and burned.

A cloudburst in St. Charles county, Mo., washed away bridges, flooded farms and caused great damage near the city of St. Charles.

Dispatches from Shanghai to London say the American troops have reached Manila. The news is not confirmed from other sources.

Maj. Gen. Miles arrived in Washington to consult Secretary of War Alger. He reported that Garcia's army, in pursuance of his request, was closing in upon Santiago de Cuba.

The gross earnings of 132 American railroads for the first five months of the present year were \$224,761,111, an increase, as compared with the corresponding period of 1897, of \$29,902,830.

The Cadiz fleet was sighted off Ceuta, on the north coast of Africa, sailing eastward into the Mediterranean.

The insurgents in the Philippines are making remarkable progress and are said to have captured the family of Capt. Gen. Augusti and the governors of the provinces of Cavite, Baluacan and Bataan.

The democrats of the Tenth Indiana district nominated John Ross, of Lafayette, for congress.

Admiral Sampson has decided to reduce Morro Castle at Santiago. He has learned that Hobson and his men are no longer held in the fort as a shield against the fire of the American ships.

The business portion of Garwin, Ia., was destroyed by fire.

Advices to the navy department confirm the report that the fleet of transports were off Santiago and that Spanish troops were numerous along the coast in the vicinity, prepared to resist the landing of the United States troops.

Since the opening of navigation ten gold seekers have lost their lives in White Horse rapids in Alaska.

In an interview in Madrid Capt. Aunon, the Spanish minister of marine, said that Spain would ultimately send a fleet to Philippine waters regardless of cost or the result.

The inhabitants of Caimanera, Cuba, have strewn the streets with straw and oil with the intention of destroying the city and fleeing to the hills.

W. W. Hamilton, of Denver, lowered the world's professional bicycle record for one mile unpaced at Denver, his time being 1:55 4-5.

Park City, Utah, was almost entirely destroyed by fire, the loss being over \$1,000,000.

Spanish infantry made a hasty retreat for cover at Guantanamo under heavy fire from American warships.

Shocks of earthquake were felt in many towns in eastern Tennessee, but no damage was done.

A careful inspection of the fortifications defending Santiago harbor since the bombardment shows that the American gunners spread wreck and ruin everywhere. Some of the batteries were demolished beyond repair.

Alice Stitzel and Mamie and Minnie Corner were drowned in the river at Defiance, O., while bathing.

The percentage of the baseball clubs in the National league for the week ended on the 19th were: Cincinnati, .667; Boston, .647; Cleveland, .620; Baltimore, .583; Chicago, .558; Pittsburgh, .529; New York, .520; Philadelphia, .426; Brooklyn, .417; Washington, .373; St. Louis, .373; Louisville, .296.

## MANILA IS BESIEGED.

### Reported That Insurgents Have Attacked Its Outer Walls.

#### Americans Take No Part in the Fighting—With the Arrival of Troops Manila Can Be Taken in 24 Hours.

London, June 18.—The Hong-Kong correspondent of the Times says: According to Manila advices, dated June 13 and brought here by H. M. S. Linnet, the rebels have captured the family of Capt. Gen. Augusti. In most cases the desertions of the native regiments have been accompanied by a massacre of the officers. It is reported from Shanghai that the Spanish archbishop from Manila had arrived there by the German troopship Darmstadt.

#### Americans Take No Part.

London, June 18.—The Madrid correspondent of the Daily Mail says: An official dispatch from Manila asserts that the insurgents have closed around the town and are now attacking the walled part, where the defenders are still holding out. The insurgents have cut the water supply, but the city has remaining wells available. Fighting is going on along the sea front, but the Americans are taking no part in the attack.

#### Dewey Reports on the Situation.

Washington, June 18.—The navy department has received the following from Admiral Dewey:

"Cavite, June 12, via Hong-Kong, June 18.—There is little change in the situation since my telegram of June 3. Insurgents continue hostilities and have practically surrounded Manila. They have taken 2,500 Spanish prisoners whom they treat most humanely. They do not intend to take the city at the present time. Twelve merchant vessels are anchored in the bay with refugees on board under guard of neutral men-of-war; this with my permission. The health of the squadron continues excellent. The German commander-in-chief arrived to-day. Three German, two British, one French, one Japanese men-of-war now in port. Another German man-of-war expected. The following is a list of the Spanish vessels captured and destroyed: 'Destroyed—Two protected cruisers, five unprotected cruisers, one transport, one serving vessel, both armed. 'The following were captured—The transport Manila and the gunboat Callao."

#### Knocking at Manila's Gates.

New York, June 18.—A special cablegram from Hong-Kong to the Journal says: The most severe and important battle since Admiral Dewey's annihilation of the Spanish fleet has occurred at Manila. One thousand insurgents attacked 2,000 Spanish, inflicting heavy losses and almost forcing the entrance to the city.

The insurgents under Gen. Aguinaldo and the American sailors and marines of Admiral Dewey's fleet completely surrounded Manila. The foreign residents have fled to the ships.

Admiral Montojo and Gov. Gen. Augusti have placed the women, the children and the priests in the forts for safety.

Gen. Augusti is reported to be willing to surrender to the Americans in order to prevent the insurgents from capturing the capital, setting it on fire and killing the Spanish. The archbishop, however, is opposed to surrender, and has overruled Augusti.

The success of the insurgents is wonderful. The Spaniards taken prisoners in the two weeks' campaign aggregate 3,000, including 2,000 soldiers of the regular army. Prominent among them are Gen. Garcia and Cordoba.

The governors of the provinces of Cavite, Baluacan and Bataan were also made prisoners.

Two million rounds of cartridges were seized in the fortified cathedral of Old Cavite. The large garrison of Old Cavite has surrendered, thus giving the insurgents command of the shore of the entire bay.

All interior sources of supply are now cut off from the Spanish forces in Manila.

The Americans can take Manila within 24 hours after the arrival of the troops. The city is now at the mercy of the American fleet.

#### Gen. Miles Returns to Washington.

Washington, June 18.—Maj. Gen. Miles, general in chief of the army, accompanied by Col. Maus, Maj. Davis and Col. Greenleaf, of his staff, arrived in Washington Friday, after having directed the departure of the first army of invasion to Cuba. It had been his intention to remain in the field, directing the succeeding expeditions which will follow rapidly from this time forward, all of them; it can be stated, a part of a well-matured offensive campaign. He came in response to a telegraphic summons from the secretary of war, who desires to go over certain phases of the campaign with him.

#### No Exchange Ordered.

Havana, June 18.—The Spanish government, it is said at the palace, has not authorized the exchange of the prisoners of the Merrimac. The gunboat Yanez Pinzon exchanged communications Thursday afternoon with an American warship, under a flag of truce, and the commander of the latter was informed that Capt. Gen. Blanco has no authority to exchange Naval Constructor Hobson and his gallant companions for Spaniards who are now held prisoners in the United States.

## Purified Blood

### Was Weak and Nervous But Hood's Made Him Healthy and Strong.

"I was feeling very dull and could not sleep at night. After I had taken two bottles of Hood's Sarsaparilla I felt more like myself and was soon healthy and strong. Hood's Sarsaparilla purified my blood and did me much good." ROT M. DALE, Hammond, Minn.

## Hood's Sarsaparilla

Is America's Greatest Medicine. \$1.50 six for \$8.00.

Hood's Pills cure indigestion, biliousness.

HALF FARE.

Washington, D. C., and Return.

On July 3d to 6th, tickets will be sold from all points to Washington, D. C., and return via the Chesapeake and Ohio Ry at one fare plus \$2.00, on account of the meeting of the National Educational Ass'n. Tickets will be good until July 15 returning and may be extended to August 31st. This is the best opportunity you will have to visit the famous Mount Airy and Sea shore resorts of the East, also Old Point Comfort and Hampton Roads, the rendezvous of the North Atlantic Squadron.

For particulars and sleeping car reservations apply to U. L. Truitt, Nor. West. Pass'r Agent, 234 Clark St., Chicago, Ill.

#### Of Interest to Home-Seekers.

To those desirous of owning a farm home, and seeking by industry and thrift to attain an independent condition in life, no better chance is afforded than the fertile farming lands, at low prices and reasonable terms, situated along the line of the Chicago & North-Western Ry., in western Minnesota and South Dakota.

This locality is forging to the front and yearly gaining immense wealth from its fine crops, dairy interests and stock raising. For further information regarding Home-Seekers' rates, etc., please apply to W. R. Kniskern, G. P. and T. A., 22 Fifth Ave., Chicago.

#### Do You Know the Virtues

Of the waters and climate of Eureka Springs, Ark.? Do you want to know? We have a booklet on the subject which is yours for the asking; it is free. Address B. L. Winchell, General Passenger Agent, Frisco Line, St. Louis.

They say everything is of use. Of what use is the mosquito? And of what use is the mosquito bar when the mosquito wants to get at you?—Acheson Globe.

#### To Cure a Cold in One Day

Take Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets. All druggists refund money if it fails to cure. 25c.

## THE ILLS OF WOMEN

### And How Mrs. Pinkham Helps Overcome Them.

Mrs. MARY BOLLINGER, 1101 Marianna St., Chicago, Ill., to Mrs. Pinkham:

"I have been troubled for the past two years with falling of the womb, leucorrhoea, pains over my body, sick headaches, backache, nervousness and weakness. I tried doctors and various remedies without relief. After taking two bottles of your Vegetable Compound, the relief I obtained was truly wonderful. I have now taken several more bottles of your famous medicine, and can say that I am entirely cured."

Mrs. HENRY DORR, No. 806 Findley St., Cincinnati, Ohio, to Mrs. Pinkham:

"For a long time I suffered with chronic inflammation of the womb, pain in abdomen and bearing-down feeling. Was very nervous at times, and so weak I was hardly able to do anything. Was subject to headaches, also troubled with leucorrhoea. After doctoring for many months with different physicians, and getting no relief, I had given up all hope of being well again when I read of the great good Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound was doing. I decided immediately to give it a trial. The result was simply past belief. After taking four bottles of Vegetable Compound and using three packages of Sanative Wash I can say I feel like a new woman. I deem it my duty to announce the fact to my fellow sufferers that Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable remedies have entirely cured me of all my pains and suffering. I have her alone to thank for my recovery, for which I am grateful. May heaven bless her for the good work she is doing for our sex."

Ask you Grocer to-day to show you a package of GRAIN-O, the new food drink that takes the place of coffee. The children may drink it without injury as well as the adult. All who try it, like it. GRAIN-O has that rich seal brown of Mocha or Java, but it is made from pure grains, and the most delicate stomach receives it, without distress. The price of coffee. 15 cents and 25 cents per package. Sold by all grocers. Tastes like Coffee. Looks like Coffee. Insist that your grocer gives you GRAIN-O. Accept no imitation.

## Try Grain-O!

## Try Grain-O!

Ask you Grocer to-day to show you a package of GRAIN-O, the new food drink that takes the place of coffee. The children may drink it without injury as well as the adult. All who try it, like it. GRAIN-O has that rich seal brown of Mocha or Java, but it is made from pure grains, and the most delicate stomach receives it, without distress. The price of coffee. 15 cents and 25 cents per package. Sold by all grocers. Tastes like Coffee. Looks like Coffee. Insist that your grocer gives you GRAIN-O. Accept no imitation.

## ALLEN'S ULCERIN SALVE

Is the only sure-cure in the world for Chronic Ulcers, Bone Ulcers, Scrofulous Ulcers, and all cases of Ulcers, Gangrenes, Fever Sores, and Old Sores. It never fails. Draws out all poisonous matter and suffering. Cures permanent Best salve for Abscesses, Piles, Burns, Cuts, and all Fresh Wounds. By mail, small, 25c. per box. Free. J. P. ALLEN, MEDICAL CO., St. Paul, Minn. Sold by Druggists.

# ENDING OF SCHOOL DAYS

The Commencement Festivities at the University of Michigan Will Last Four Days.

BEGINNING SUNDAY EVENING, JUNE 26.

Acting President Hutchins Will Deliver the Sermon—Final Session of the Board of Regents on Monday—Programme of the Exercises on the Various Days.

[Special Correspondence.]  
Ann Arbor, Mich., June 15.—Commencement lasts four days at the University of Michigan, beginning this year Sunday night, June 26, with the baccalaureate sermon. The 700 graduates arranged by classes, and the visiting friends and townspeople, assemble in University hall at eight o'clock. A chorus choir accompanied by the Co-chorus organ furnishes the music. Acting-President Hutchins delivers the sermon in place of Dr. Angell, who, for the 25 years of his presidency, has not missed a baccalaureate address except during his absence in China. On Monday morning the board of regents has its final session for the year. In the afternoon the department of law holds its class day exercises in University hall. The class president, Louis L. Thompson, of Allegan, makes an address, followed by Carl T. Storm, of Kirksville, Mo., who presents the class memorial to Regent Farr on behalf of the university. This memorial is a portrait of Hon. Levi T. Griffin, accepted by the regent with a speech of thanks. The class poem is to be read by Charles Englehard, of Rising, Neb. Rufus L. Weaver, of Frazer, Ky., is the orator of the day. Paul Y. Albright, of Philadelphia is the prophet, Robert Healey, of Fort Dodge, Ia., gives the class farewell.

**Adorned with Lanterns.**  
On Monday evening the campus is adorned with several thousand Chinese lanterns along its main front walks, and the seniors in caps and gowns promenade with their friends. The university band, stationed near the main entrance of University hall, contributes its share to the festivity. At the south end of the campus the Psi U., Alpha Delta, Phi Zeta Psi, and Delta Kappa Epsilon fraternities keep open house with lantern-lit facades and grounds. Their piazzas, usually sombre with men alone, are filled with gracefully-costumed girls whose light draperies in the twilight and soft glow of the lanterns have an effective background in the black gowns of the seniors, their hosts. After the promenade the glee and mandolin clubs give a concert in University hall and there are numerous house parties at the different fraternities.

**Literary Exercises.**  
On Tuesday morning at ten o'clock the literary department holds its class-day exercises under the Tappan Oak. A temporary platform is erected here for the class officers and speakers. The president of the class, Mr. Charles Gilchrist Simonds, of Schoolcraft, Mich., makes the presidential address. Miss Louise Stickney, of Grand Haven, Mich., is the vice president of the class. C. Fred Gauss, of Ann Arbor, is the class poet, Charles Simons, of Detroit, is the class orator, and Miss Florence Pomeroy, of Ann Arbor, is the class prophet. Paul W. Voorheis, of Ann Arbor, presents the class memorial to the university. The audience is seated in a semi-circle about the platform; the edge of the crowd fringed with moving groups of people too far off to hear the exercises, but glad of the opportunity to meet old friends or say good-by to college mates. The college buildings flank the scene, the green sward of the campus stretches away in all directions, and through the heavy shade of the tall trees and the majestic oak drips just enough sunlight to bring out the gay coloring of the hats and parasols on which it falls.

**The Dentists.**  
The dental department has its class day exercises indoors in the afternoon at the dental amphitheater. The president of the class, Ralph J. Roper, of Santa Ana, Cal., gives an address, as also Dean Taft, of the department, and Profs. Hoff and Derrance. Robert B. Howell, of Philadelphia, is the class historian; W. H. Bowman, of Toledo, is the class orator. Miss Bessie Hutchinson, of Ann Arbor, gives the class prophecy, and Robert N. Forbes, of Center Lisle, N. Y., the class farewell. In the evening of Tuesday at half-past nine the two large gymnasiums are thrown open for the senior reception, where dancing lasts until dawn.

**Alumni Day.**  
Wednesday is Alumni day. This year the classes of '48, '58, '73, '88, '96, will have special reunions and banquets. At two in the afternoon there will be a business meeting of the general alumni association. In the evening the senate reception is given by the faculty to the alumni, the seniors and invited guests in the Waterman gymnasium. Refreshments are served, and while the alumni renew old ties on this occasion, the regretful seniors meet their friends, the professors, socially for the last time.

**Commencement Day.**  
The programme of festivities closes Thursday, Commencement day. In the morning the seniors marshalled by classes and departments form in line on the campus and march into places reserved for them in University hall, where the faculty and townspeople are already seated. When this army, 700 strong, has been seated, Prof. Benjamin Ide Wheeler, of Cornell university, will deliver the commencement address on the "Old World in the New." Following this the seniors of the literary department have their diplomas given them—first, the bachelors of art; next, the bachelors of philosophy; third, the bachelors of science, and last the bachelors of letters. Graduates of the engineering department, although organized under a separate faculty, still receive their degrees with the literary students. The other departments of the university, those of law, medicine, dental surgery, pharmacy, and homeopathy, in their turn receive diplomas, when the great organ peals out its final good-by to the seniors, who merge in the great crowd as it goes forth from University hall and regretfully turn their backs on their college life.

**Gets a New Trial.**  
Howard Seeley, treasurer of Beaverton township, Gladwin county, who was convicted on a charge of appropriating to his own use \$900 in money belonging to the township, has been granted a new trial by the supreme court. It seems that Seeley, in collecting the taxes, had received saw logs in payment. Supreme court holds that the acceptance of the saw logs did not relieve the taxpayers from paying their taxes in money, and that not having received the money Seeley could not be convicted of converting it to his own use, it not being competent for a township treasurer to receive saw logs in payment of taxes and bind the township by so doing.

**Accidentally Killed.**  
Mr. Edwin F. Woodruff, a graduate of the engineering department of the University of Michigan in 1896, and one of the most promising students ever graduated in that department, was accidentally killed near his home at Ludington. He had just passed an examination at Philadelphia as engineer in the United States navy, and was ordered home to await a government assignment. Recently Mr. Woodruff had been up on the Fraser river in British Columbia, half-way between the boundary of the United States and the Klondike, where he had established a dredge for gold, 500 miles from any railroad.

**Wants \$15,000 Damages.**  
Rivie Chase has commenced suit in the circuit court in Ionia against the Bell Telephone company for \$15,000 personal damages. In 1895, while Chase was acting as lineman for the company, he climbed a pole in front of the post office and grasped an insulator peg to draw himself up. The peg was rotten and broke, letting him fall to the pavement, some 30 feet, from which he sustained permanent injuries. The company until recently gave him employment, but a short time ago he resigned his position and the damage suit followed.

**The County Wins.**  
The suits of Montmorency county against certain ex-county treasurers and their bondsmen for the recovery of amounts of money not turned over to the county as shown by Accountant J. A. Dresser's reports to board of supervisors, were tried in the circuit court in Atlanta and resulted in a judgment for the county against ex-Treasurer Johnson for \$3,027, and against ex-Treasurer Putnam for \$4,000. In the case against ex-Treasurer Wiltsie the jury disagreed and a change of venue was ordered to Cheboygan county.

**Are Going Fast.**  
The twenty-sixth annual meeting of the Ingham County Pioneers' society was held at the Methodist church in Mason, and was very largely devoted to business. The election of officers resulted as follows: President, Lawrence Meech, Alaedon; vice president, Mrs. Helen Case Adams, Lansing; secretary, J. T. Campbell, Mason; treasurer, William M. Webb. Ninety-one deaths were reported.

**The Blair Monument.**  
The state board of auditors and the Blair monument commission board fixed October 12 as the date for the unveiling of the Blair monument to be erected in front of the state capitol in Lansing. Gen. R. A. Alger will probably make a speech presenting the monument to the state. Gov. Pingree will respond and ex-Senator John Patton will probably deliver an address.

**Wants Her Address.**  
The probate judge of Milwaukee county, Wis., desires to know the address of Mrs. Betsy Davis, mother of Mrs. Allen Johnson, who, with her husband, was burned to death in a hotel fire at Milwaukee in 1883. At that time Mrs. Davis was a resident of Lansing. She is decreed to be the heir of her daughter and is entitled to her property.

**Humane Life Savers.**  
Hunters recently drove a doe into Hammond's bay near Rogers City and the life-saving crew at that place put out and rescued the animal. The deer was towed ashore, placed in a barn and has since given birth to two fawns. The animals will be set at liberty.

## MICHIGAN STATE NEWS

**Post Offices Changes.**  
The first assistant postmaster-general has announced the fifteenth annual readjustment of presidential postmasters' salaries, the changes in classification and salary to become effective on July 1, 1898. Under this readjustment the following changes in classification and increase and decrease in compensation will occur in Michigan:

Adrian	\$2,600	\$2,700	L'ke Lin'en	1,400	1,500
Agri. Col.	1,000	1,200	Lakeview	1,000	1,100
Albion	2,400	2,500	Lapeer	1,700	1,800
Ann Arbor	2,800	2,900	Laurium	1,000	1,100
Bad Axe	2,200	2,300	Leslie	1,300	1,400
Bangor	1,000	1,200	Lowell	1,400	1,500
Bat. Creek	2,000	2,100	Ludington	2,000	2,100
B'n H'rbr	2,300	2,400	Manchester	1,100	1,200
Bronson	1,000	1,100	Marlette	1,100	1,200
Buchanan	1,500	1,600	Marshall	2,200	2,300
Caumet	2,200	2,300	Massena	2,200	2,300
C's'n C'y	1,000	1,100	Midville	1,100	1,200
Cass City	1,100	1,200	Midland	1,500	1,600
Cassopolis	1,300	1,400	Mt. Clem's	2,000	2,200
C'd'r Sp'gs	1,000	1,100	Mt. Ple'sia	1,100	1,200
Charlevoix	1,400	1,500	Munising	1,300	1,500
Charlotte	2,000	2,100	Reading	1,200	1,400
Chesaning	1,100	1,200	Niles	1,900	2,000
Clare	1,100	1,200	Paw Paw	1,400	1,500
Crosswell	1,000	1,100	Petoskey	2,200	2,300
Crys't	1,000	1,100	Pt. Huron	2,700	2,800
Detroit	5,000	5,100	Reed City	1,500	1,600
Dowagiac	2,100	2,200	Romeo	1,400	1,500
Durand	1,200	1,300	St. Clair	1,500	1,600
Escanaba	2,100	2,200	St. Joseph	2,100	2,200
Evart	1,800	1,900	Scho'er'ft	1,000	1,200
Flint	2,300	2,400	S. G. Rapids	1,300	1,400
Flushing	1,100	1,200	Stanton	1,100	1,200
Fowl'ville	1,100	1,200	Tecumseh	1,700	1,800
Gaylord	1,100	1,200	Three Oaks	1,500	1,600
Grayling	1,200	1,300	Three Riv's	2,000	2,100
Hancock	1,800	1,900	Verde C'y	2,300	2,400
Hastings	1,700	1,800	Yassar	1,300	1,400
Houghton	1,800	1,900	Wayne	1,000	1,100
Howard	1,100	1,200	W. Branch	1,000	1,100
Hudson	1,800	1,900	Whitehall	1,100	1,200
Ionia	2,300	2,400	Williston	1,200	1,300
Ithaca	1,500	1,600	Wyandotte	1,400	1,500
Jonesville	1,300	1,400	Yale	1,100	1,200
Kalkaska	1,100	1,200			

**Health in Michigan.**  
Reports to the state board of health from 80 observers in various portions of the state for the week ended June 11 indicate that consumption and tonsillitis increased and measles and pneumonia decreased in area of prevalence. Consumption was reported at 168 places, measles at 52, typhoid fever at 19, scarlet fever at 23, diphtheria at 29, and whooping cough at 19 places.

**Big Pay for a Bite.**  
The greatest amount of damages ever awarded in a circuit court in Michigan was obtained in the Kalamazoo courts. The suit was against Millionaire Chapin, of Niles, and though first given for \$10,000 was doubled, making it \$20,000. The case grew out of injuries received from Chapin's large mastiff dog some months ago, in which the plaintiff's child was maimed for life.

**Railroad Taxes Increased.**  
Railroad Commissioner Wessellus has announced the computation of railroad taxes payable July 1. This is the first assessment under the Merriman law increasing rates. The total assessment is \$945,150, an increase of \$203,075 over last year's revenue, notwithstanding there was a net decrease of \$44,826 in the earnings of the companies.

**Nitroglycerin Explodes.**  
Fifteen hundred pounds of nitroglycerin in the factory of H. H. Thomas, four miles north of Bay City, exploded. At Kaw Kawlin, half a mile from the explosion, windows were broken and considerable damage was done. All the employes escaped.

**A Bad Fire.**  
Fire totally destroyed the immense power building of G. F. Chase in Congress street, Detroit, causing a loss of nearly \$200,000, and during the progress of the fire five members of the department were seriously burned and crippled.

**News Items Briefly Told.**  
St. Helens, once one of the liveliest lumber towns in northern Michigan, has been entirely depopulated by the removal to Waters of the big Stephens mills, which were the last industry remaining in the village.  
The homesteaders all through northern Michigan are relieved over the recent tax decision and feel sure they can hold the lands taken by them.  
Diphtheria prevailed to an alarming extent in Lewiston.

Gov. Pingree has paroled Thomas Kelly, sentenced from Shiawassee county December, 1889, to 15 years in the state prison at Jackson for manslaughter.

A post office has been established at Merlebach, Clinton county, with Kittle E. Moore as postmistress.

The sixty-fourth annual convention of the Michigan diocese of the Episcopal church was held in Flint.

Mrs. Sarah J. Crosby, aged 60, was found dead in her bed in Oxford.

Howard City was visited by a hard windstorm which unroofed the Detroit, Grand Rapids & Western railway's roundhouse and blew down fences and shade trees.

Charles Langley, aged 24, shot and killed his wife at Kalamazoo during a quarrel and then fatally shot himself. They had been married only three weeks.

Ex-Labor Commissioner Charles H. Morse has been appointed statistical agent for Michigan of the national department of agriculture.

## PASS THE HOUSE

Hawaiian Annexation Resolutions Go Through by a Large Majority—A Synopsis.

Washington, June 16.—By a vote of 209 to 91 the house of representatives Wednesday afternoon adopted the Newlands resolutions providing for the annexation of Hawaii. The debate, which has continued without interruption since Saturday, has been one of the most notable of this congress, the proposed annexation being considered of great commercial and strategic importance by its advocates and being looked upon by its opponents as involving a radical departure from the long-established policy of the country and likely to be followed by the inauguration of a pronounced policy of colonization, the abandonment of the Monroe doctrine and participation in international wrangles.

The resolutions adopted in a preamble relate the offer of the Hawaiian republic to cede all of its sovereignty and absolute title to the government and crown lands, and then by resolution accept the cession and declare the islands annexed. The resolutions provide for a commission of five, at least two of whom shall be resident Hawaiians, to recommend to congress such legislation as they may deem advisable. The public debt of Hawaii, not to exceed \$4,000,000, is assured. Chinese immigration is prohibited; all treaties with other powers are declared null, and it is provided that until congress shall provide for the government of the islands all civil, judicial and military powers now exercised by the officers of the existing government shall be exercised in such manner as the president shall direct, and he is given power to appoint persons to put in effect a provisional government for the islands.

Washington, June 18.—The foreign relations committee, through Senator Davis, the chairman, reported favorably to the senate the Newlands resolutions for the annexation of the Hawaiian islands. Only about 15 minutes' time was consumed by the committee in reaching the conclusion to report the resolutions for the acquisition of the Hawaiian islands by the United States.

## REMOVES ALL DOUBT.

Lieut. Blue, by a Daring Exploit, Proves That All of Cervera's Ships Are at Santiago.

Washington, June 15.—The navy department Tuesday posted the following bulletin:

"Mole St. Nicholas, June 13.—Lieut. Blue just returned after a detour of 70 statute miles of observation of the harbor of Santiago de Cuba. He reports Spanish fleet is all there. The Spanish attacked vigorously the camp at Guantanamo. An outpost of four marines were killed and their bodies mutilated barbarously. Surgeon Gibbs was killed.

"(Signed) SAMPSON."

Washington, June 15.—The last lingering doubt that may have existed as to the presence of Cervera's fleet in its entirety in Santiago harbor was removed when Admiral Sampson's dispatch reached the navy department. Up to that time information as to the number and character of the vessels lying in the harbor shielded from observation by Cuban sources, supplemented by such glimpses as could be obtained by naval officers from the outside entrance. Now, however, according to Lieut. Blue, the ships have been actually seen by an American officer, counted and inspected from such points of vantage as were afforded by the high hills surrounding the harbor.

**Father and Son Lynched.**  
Clarence, Ark., June 15.—Rev. Moses Ricks, a negro preacher and religious exhorter, well-known among the members of his race in this vicinity, was taken from jail and lynched by a mob of 300 citizens in the southern portion of this (Monroe) county, at nine o'clock Monday night. He was hanged and his body perforated with bullets. Ricks was under arrest for outraging a farmer's wife. He confessed his crime. The fiend was 25 years old, and was to have been ordained next Saturday. Ricks' father was lynched Sunday night for complicity in the same crime.

**Cloud-Burst Causes Death.**  
Kansas City, Kan., June 16.—A cloud-burst about 11 o'clock Wednesday night in the vicinity of Chelsea Park, a suburban pleasure resort about three miles southwest of here, is believed to have caused the death of at least five persons and possibly more. An artificial lake had been created in the park by the building of a dam across Jersey creek. The flood of water carried away this dam and a torrent poured out over the lowlands along the creek. Half a dozen houses standing near Jersey creek were carried away.

**Anxiety Regarding Bismarck.**  
London, June 18.—A special dispatch from Berlin says Prince Bismarck's health is causing renewed anxiety. He is reported to be suffering great pain from inflammation of the veins of his right leg, his daily drive has been suspended and his sleep is broken. Dr. Schweninger, the prince's physician, it is asserted, has arrived at Friedrichsruhe, and Count Herbert Bismarck is expected there.

## FORCE THE FIGHTING.

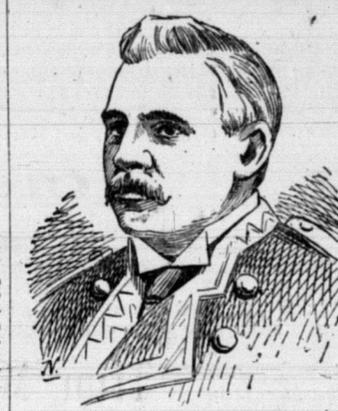
Marines and Cubans at Guantanamo Attack the Spanish Outposts—100 Spaniards Reported Killed.

United States Camp, Entrance of Guantanamo Bay, via Kingston, Jamaica, June 16.—The United States marines and Cubans on Tuesday attacked the Spanish camp, situated five miles from the American entrenchments. They completely routed a force of 400 Spaniards, breaking up their camp and destroying the well which supplies them with water. One American was slightly wounded, two Cubans were killed and four Cubans were wounded. The Spanish loss is believed to be 40 men killed. Fifteen bodies have already been discovered.

It is impossible to estimate the number of Spaniards engaged, owing to their guerrilla methods of fighting, but it is believed there were at least 400. The marines behaved splendidly, their marksmanship being excellent, even under the severe fire of the enemy. The captured camp lies about five miles southeast of the rifle pits of the marines and was an important base for the enemy, as it contained the only well within six or seven miles.

New York, June 16.—The following dispatch is a Journal-special from Camp McCalla, Guantanamo Harbor, June 15: The scouting parties of marines, which were sent out yesterday, returned here at ten o'clock Tuesday night with 19 Spanish prisoners, one of them an officer. The party also captured 100 Mauser rifles and 10,000 rounds of ammunition. They report having had a series of engagements with Spaniards, in which 100 Spanish soldiers were killed and 200 wounded. They also destroyed a Spanish blockhouse and telegraph station, through which the Spaniards had been keeping Guantanamo and Santiago informed of the movements of American troops.

**Cadiz Fleet Sails.**  
Gibraltar, June 18.—The captain of a German steamer which arrived here Friday morning reports having sighted



VICE ADMIRAL CAMARA. (Commanding Spain's Reserve Fleet Sailed to Have Sailed from Cadiz.)

the Spanish Cadiz fleet off Ceuta, north coast of Africa, about opposite and 17 miles south by southeast of Gibraltar, Thursday evening. The warships, it is added, were going in an easterly direction. The fleet consisted of two battleships, four large cruisers and four torpedo boat destroyers.

**Third Manila Expedition.**  
San Francisco, June 18.—Maj. Gen. Merritt has announced his selection of the troops which will compose the third expedition to Manila. Gen. Merritt has selected regiments and battalions aggregating 3,850 officers and men, and the five transports which will be prepared for the expedition can easily accommodate 4,250 men, so that a few hundred more soldiers may be sandwiched in at the last moment if desired. It is doubtful if Gen. Merritt will accompany the troops, who will be commanded by Brig. Gen. Charles King. The brigade on this next expedition will comprise the two Idaho battalions, who will sail on the Morgan City; the Seventh California, on the Indiana; the Thirteenth Minnesota, on the City of Para; one battalion of the Wyoming regiment, on the Ohio; two battalions of the North Dakota regiment, on the Valencia. In addition the Valencia will carry as many recruits as can be accommodated from the various new squads who have lately enlisted.

**Count Fights a Duel.**  
Paris, June 15.—Count Boniface de Castellane, who married Miss Anna Gould, of New York, fought a duel with M. Henri Turot, of the Petite Republique Française. Three rounds were fought with swords, and M. Turot was wounded in each round, twice slightly and the third time severely, in the right forearm, thus ending the duel. The dispute which led to the meeting grew out of M. Turot's comments upon an act of infanticide committed by a servant in the count's household.

**Wife-Murderer Sentenced.**  
Milwaukee, June 15.—James Kearney, of Chicago, who shot and killed his wife at a house on River street, in this city, on April 5, has been sentenced in the municipal court to 14 years in state's prison. At the time of the murder Kearney attempted to take his own life by sending a bullet through his temple, completely destroying his eye-sight.

# We Will Send FOR YOUR Gasoline can

Or for your

# Kerosine can,

Fill them with the best product the world produces, and deliver them to your door if

# You Will Send

Us your order to do it.

## We Are Selling:

Gasoline at 10c per gallon.  
Kerosine at 9c and 10c per gallon  
Granulated Sugar 18 pounds for \$1.00  
Chelsea Flour at 85c a sack.  
Best full cream cheese at 12c per pound.  
Good cheese 10c per pound.  
Fancy New Orleans Molasses 25c a gal.

Fancy Mocha and Java coffee 25c per lb.  
Rio Coffee 16c per pound.

We are headquarters for Strawberries, Bananas, Oranges, Cal. Cherries, Pine Apples, and all kinds of fruit and vegetables.

## FREEMAN'S.

# BARGAINS AT THE CORNER STORE.

Standard 64 count print 4 cents per yard.  
Dress goods at half price.  
Slaters Cambric 3/4c. Silesia 8 and 10c per yard.  
Hooks and eyes 3c per card. Dress Stays 5c per set.  
Cotton Towels 5c each. Linen towels 15c each.  
Gauze vests 7 and 10c. Coat's thread 3/4c per spool.

## Clothing.

We have some splendid bargains in 35 and 36 suits.  
Good working shirts at 25, 35 and 45 cents.  
Working pants at 40 and 75 cents.  
Wool pants at \$1.50 to \$3.00.  
These prices can only hold good until the present stock is closed out. New goods will be higher. Your patronage solicited.

Trim, McGregor & Harper.

# WANTED!!

At the Central City Bakery, 500 People

To eat Bread, Cakes, Pies, Macaroons, Angel Food, Ice Cream and Candies. Don't loaf on the streets, come inside, and you can get all the loaf you want at 5c apiece. The sign of the Central City Bakery is now in sight. Don't miss it.

STEGMILLER & VOGELBACHER.

# H. L. WOOD & CO.

Call on us for McCormick Binding Twine, the best in the market. We also sell repairs for McCormick Harvesting Machines.

## WOOL TWINE At Reduced Prices.

Groceries and Provisions, foreign and domestic fruits, seeds, baled hay and straw at bottom prices.

# H. L. WOOD & CO.

## What You Should Eat

Is the question that is agitating the minds of our great physicians.

## We Can Tell You!

Eat some of those nice fresh Steaks from our market. We will deliver them for you. We can give you meats for boiling, frying, roasts, etc., that will make your mouth water.

We are always supplied with Hams and Bacon for which our market is famous. They are cured by our own process and have no superior.

TERMS—CASH.

ADAM EPPLER.

## Echoes of the Week.

### Pithy Pickings Pointedly Put for Quick Reading.

Through the Condenser This Grist Has Gone, and Is Served Up for Herald Readers in Succulent Style.

Chas. W. Miller, of Jackson, visited his parents last Sunday.

Timothy McKune visited in Clinton, Tecumseh and Jackson last week.

Mrs. C. T. Fenn and son, Henry, visited Truman Fenn of Jackson, last week.

Robert Quirk, of Detroit, is visiting relatives and friends in Chelsea for the summer.

Miss Drew, of Minneapolis, is spending the summer with her aunt, Mrs. Martin Howe, of Chelsea.

A regular meeting of Olive Chapter, No. 108, O. E. S., will be held June 29th, 1898. A good attendance is desired.

John Miller and John Howe returned home last Monday from Assumption College, Canada, to spend their vacation.

Mr. S. Zang, of Hillsdale, and Mrs. Geo Nisle Sr., of Manchester, were the guests of Mr. and Mrs. C. Spingale last Sunday.

A Reception of Promoters of the League of the Sacred Heart of Jesus will take place in St. Mary's church, Chelsea, next Sunday evening.

Eleven young ladies from Chelsea and vicinity arrived home last Wednesday from St. Joseph's Academy, Adrian, to spend their vacation.

The annual commencement exercises of the Chelsea High School were held at the opera house this week. The graduating class numbered ten.

The Rev. M. J. Fleming, of Dexter, has resigned the pastorate of St. Joseph's church on account of ill-health. The resignation will take effect this month.

Miss Edith Foster, of Chelsea, won the a beautiful gold medal for excellence in music at St. Joseph's Academy, Adrian, at the 2nd annual commencement held Wednesday, June 15th.

President James B. Angell, of the University of Michigan, will spend the summer at Prinkipo, in the Sea of Marmora, about fifteen miles from Constantinople. He will sail for America from England September 17.

The ladies of St. Mary's parish, Chelsea, will hold an ice cream social at the Opera House next Saturday, June 25, 1898, from 6 to 11 p. m. They extend a cordial invitation to their friends to call. Choice refreshments will be served.

Dr. W. J. Staphish, of Anderson, Ind., formerly of Chelsea, was married Wednesday, June 22, 1898, to Miss Clara R. Hettel, at St. Mary's church. The Doctor's many friends here unite in tendering felicitations on his auspicious union.

The newspapers are now urging the farmers to go through the wheat fields and cut out the rye that grows therein. Suppose they think the farmer doesn't know what he ought to do. Wheat buyers now a-days have separators to clean the wheat and only pay for what wheat they get.

Mr. and Mrs. Timothy McMune, Wm. Cassidy, John Wade and daughter, Libbie, Miss Kate Gorman, Mrs. Edward Gorman and son, Thomas, Eugene and Harry Heatley, Martin Conway, Mr and Mrs. Thos. Thos. Murray, the Misses Nellie Walsh and Lena Foster attended the closing exercises of St. Joseph's Academy, Adrian, last Wednesday, June 15, 1898.

James Madison's remark to Harriet Martineau that the United States had been "useful in proving things before held impossible" is especially applicable to the present war with Spain. European countries can scarcely understand that the United States has no selfish objects in view in expelling Spain from Cuba, but their inability to understand it does not alter the fact.

The social which was given on Wednesday of last week at the home of Mr. and Mrs. J. McLaren, of Lima, for the benefit of the Woman's Guild, was a success, both socially and financially. There was a goodly number of in attendance; the day perfect, and the ride through the country delightful. The kind hospitality of Mr. and Mrs. McLaren made it an occasion long to be remembered.

Dr. Victor C. Vaughan, dean of the medical department of the University of Michigan has been appointed by Governor Pingree as surgeon of the 33d Michigan, now at Camp Alger near Washington. He has the rank of major. It is not certain when Dr. Vaughan will assume his new duties. During his absence in the summer the correspondence connected with the dean's office will be attended to by Dr. Huber, secretary of the medical department.

## Growth of the University

The University of Michigan began in 1817 with nine students and one department, that of literature, science and the arts. It closes the fifty-seventh year of its history at the coming commencement with 3,114 students and seven separate faculties. In its first decade the increase was slow, from 9 to 154. The medical department was added at the beginning, the law department at the end, of the second decade, when the total attained 533. At the end of the third decade women were admitted, and the total, including the new pharmacy department, was 1,102. Thus the third decade more than doubled the attendance of the second. From 1870 to 1875 there was but 25 increase, due probably to the business depression succeeding for several years the panic of 1871. From 1870 to 1898, however, the attendance has almost trebled. The falling off in the attendance of the literary department in 1895-6 from 1,523 to 1,204 is due to the separate organization of the engineering department, whose students hitherto had been incorporated with the literary department. Just before and during the war the literary department fell off in numbers from 287 to 217, rapidly regaining, the last year of the war, and quickly passing beyond its previous registration. Since the years of business depression in 1870-75, its attendance has steadily increased, barring the subtraction of the engineers already alluded to.

## The Grandest Discovery Yet.

W. M. Repine, editor Tiskilwa, Ill., "Chief," says: "We won't keep house without Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption, Coughs and Colds. Experimented with many others; but never got the true remedy until we used Dr. King's New Discovery. No other remedy can take its place in our home, as in it we have a certain and sure cure for Coughs, Colds, Whooping Cough, etc. It is idle to experiment with other remedies, even if they are urged on you as just as good as Dr. King's New Discovery. They are not as good, because this remedy has a record of cures and besides is guaranteed. It never fails to satisfy. Trial bottles free at Glazier & Stinson's drug store.

## The Original Declaration of Independence.

The original Declaration of Independence is in so dilapidated a condition that now-a-days it is rarely if ever exposed to public view. The Ladies' Home Journal was recently granted special permission by the secretary of state, to make a single exposure of the document to the camera, and will reproduce the photograph, which is a remarkable clear one, in the July issue of that magazine. Exposure to light and the process of making a duplicate copy of the Declaration have faded the ink in the historic document, but it is still legible. Some of the signatures are nearly faded out. John Hancock, however, seems to have used an imperishable ink, for his name stands black and bold on the parchment which is now kept in a steel safe, out of the sunlight and out of the public's view.

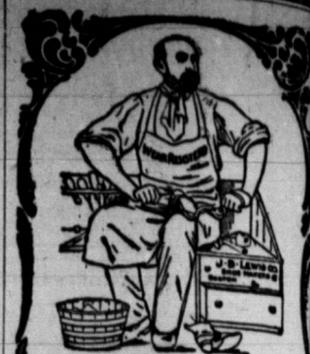
## A Clever Trick.

It certainly looks like it, but there is really no trick about it. Anybody can try it who has Lame Back and Weak kidneys, Malaria, or nervous troubles. We mean he can cure himself right away by taking Electric Bitters. This medicine tunes up the whole system, acts as a stimulant to the Liver and Kidneys, is a blood purifier and nerve tonic. It cures Constipation, Headache, Fainting Spells, Sleeplessness and Melancholy. It is purely vegetable, a mild laxative, and restores the system to its natural vigor. Try Electric Bitters and be convinced that they are a miracle worker. Every bottle guaranteed. Only 50 cents a bottle at Glazier & Stinson's drug store.

## Invalid Cookery.

To make beef tea in haste, take one pound lean beef and one pint of water. With a sharp knife scrape the meat into fibres, and this should be done on a board. Place the scraped meat into a delicately clean saucepan, and pour half a pint of boiling water over it; cover closely and set by the fire for 10 minutes; strain into a tea cup, place it in a basin of ice-cold water remove all fat from the surface, pour into a warmed cup, and put in another basin of hot water; warm again and serve. The whole process takes about a quarter of an hour. When required of greater strength, use half of the above quantity of water, or even less, if the patient is able to take a spoonful only at a time.

Excursion to Grand Rapids, Saturday June 25, 1898. Fare for round trip \$1.50. Tickets good to return Monday.



## LASTING—

Lewis Shoes have a great many good points—strength, style, beauty—but their fame is largely due to their lasting qualities; that is why they are called

## J. B. LEWIS CO'S "Wear Resisters"

For men, women and children. Look for the name "Lewis" on every shoe. Made only by the J. B. LEWIS CO., Boston, Mass.

LEWIS "WEAR RESISTERS"

Are for sale by

H. S. HOLMES MERC. CO.

## S. G. Bush,

Physician and Surgeon

Office hours: 10 to 12 a. m., 1 to 4 and 7 to 8 p. m.

Office in Hatch block. Residence opposite Methodist church.

## G. W. Palmer

PHYSICIAN

AND

SURGEON.

Office over Kempf's new bank, Chelsea.

## G. E. HATHAWAY,

(GRADUATE IN DENTISTRY)

A new preparation for extracting that does not contain Cocaine or cause any of the bad results liable to follow the use of this drug.

Gas administered when desired.

Office over Bank Drug Store.

## H. W. SCHMIDT

Physician & Surgeon.

SPECIALTIES:—Diseases of the Nose, Throat, Eye and Ear.

OFFICE HOURS:—10 to 12 and 2 to 5.

## DENTISTRY

in all its branches done in a very careful manner and as reasonable as first class work can be done. Crowns and bridge work adjusted so as to be very useful. Where this cannot be used we make five different kinds of plates—gold, silver, aluminum, Watts metal and rubber. Special care given to children's teeth. Both gas and local anaesthetic used in extracting. Am here to stay. H. H. AVERY, D. D. S. Office over Kempf Bros' Bank.

## F. & A. M.

Regular meetings of Olive Lodge

No. 156, F. & A. M., for 1898:

Jan. 4; Feb. 1; Mar. 8; April 5

May 3; May 31; June 28, July 26

Aug 30; Sept. 27; Oct. 25; Nov. 22

annual meeting and election of officers Dec. 27.

J. D. SCHNAFFMAN, Sec.

## FIRE! FIRE!!

If you want insurance call on

Gilbert & Crowell. We represent

companies whose gross assets amount

to the sum of \$45,000,000.

## MICHIGAN CENTRAL

"The Niagara Falls Route."

Time table taking effect May 29th, 1898.

90th MERIDIAN TIME.

Passengers Trains on the Michigan Central Railroad will leave Chelsea Station as follows:

GOING EAST.

No 8—Detroit Night Express... 6.30 A. M.

No 26—Atlantic Express... 5.38 A. M.

No 12—Grand Rapids Express... 10.40 A. M.

No 6—Mail and Express... 3.15 P. M.

GOING WEST.

No 3—Mail and Express... 10.00 A. M.

No 13—Grand Rapids Express... 6.20 P. M.

No 7—Chicago Night Express... 10.33 P. M.

No. 37 will stop at Chelsea for passengers getting on at Detroit or east of Detroit.

E. A. WILLIAMS, Agent, Chelsea.

O. W. RUGGLES, General Passenger and Ticket Agent, Chicago.

We always do as we advertise; oftentimes more

## H. S. Holmes Merc. Co.

Big lot of new, white Shirt Waists, at \$1.00, \$1.25 and \$2.00 each  
 New Necktie Ribbons at 10c, 12½c and 15c.  
 New Summer Corsets at 25c, 50c and \$1.  
 Big lot of new Val. Laces at 2c, 3c, 4c, 5c, and up to 25c a yard.  
 Liberal reduction by the dozen in yards.

### SHOES.

Big lot of ladies' shoes, off style, sizes 2½ to 5, worth \$2.50 to \$4.50, choice 98c to \$1.25. These are just the thing for easy summer wear.  
 Composite shoes, always easy, and always \$3.00. Best ladies' shoe in America for \$3.00.  
 Men's or Women's Tan shoes at low prices.  
 We are closing out every pair of ladies walking shoes at reduced prices.  
 All best prints, were 6 and 7c, now 5c.  
 Best red fancy prints, were 7c now 4c.  
 Organdies, were 15c, now 10. Were 12½c now 7½c.

## H. S. HOLMES MERCANTILE CO.

Butterick Patterns for June now on Sale.

OUR

### Home-Made Bread

Takes the lead.

Made on your own home process, by Chelsea workmen, from flour made at the home mills of Chelsea, from the best home-grown wheat. Honey and bee supplies in stock and for sale. Try our ice cream.

Chelsea's Bakery.  
 ARCHIE MERCHANT

### For SAFETY and to DRAW INTEREST,

Deposit your Money in the

## Chelsea Savings Bank.

Spar Bank.

Its Money is protected from fire and burglars by the best screw door, electrical alarm, burglar proof vault-safe made.

W. J. Knapp, Pres. Thos. S. Sears, Vice-Pres. Geo. P. Glazier, Cashier.

## KOAL.

Having purchased the Glazier Stove Company's Coal Business, we shall continue to supply the people of Chelsea with

### \*KOAL\*

At Rock Bottom Prices.

## The Chelsea Manf. Co.

Office near depot.

### CALL

At the new Repair Shop and get prices on new handmade Road Carts, Road Wagons, Lumber Wagons and Buggies.

## SYRACUSE Plows, Drags and Cultivators at FAIST & HIRTH'S.

The Only Metropolitan Republican Newspaper in Detroit and Michigan.

Advertisers Get more than More circulation in The Journal.

Detroit is a Republican city. Michigan is a strong Republican State. The Journal is not an organ, but a fearless, independent Republican newspaper.

I have noticed a continued improvement in the Detroit Journal.  
 HON. JAMES McMILLAN,  
 U. S. Senator for Michigan.

I read the Detroit Journal daily and consider it Michigan's leading evening newspaper.  
 HON. J. C. BURROWS,  
 U. S. Senator for Michigan.

The Republican party can well be congratulated upon having so able an exponent of its principles.  
 HON. D. M. FERRY,  
 Chairman Rep. State Central Com.

But first of all a newspaper in the broadest and best sense.

An Agent in every Town. You can have it by mail, \$1.25 for three months. Send for sample copies.

### Here and There.

This is an excellent change, boys and girls, for improving your geographical knowledge. Look up all the unfamiliar names that you run across when reading the war news.

Sleeping car maids are the latest luxury provided by enterprising American railway companies for the comfort of women travelers. Like stewardesses on ocean steamships, they will doubtless soon be so indispensable as to make railroad passengers wonder why the innovation was so long delayed.

Wanted—A competent girl for general housework. Inquire of Dr. Schmidt.

From the Owosso Argus: "Mr. and Mrs. R. W. Crawford, who were married in Chelsea yesterday, arrived in the city this noon. It was too late to throw any rice, so simply as an act of remembrance several of Mr. Crawford's friends met him at the depot and hung on the back of his carriage a sign, "We were married yesterday." It was noticed by one or two as the carriage drove up the street."

Burdocks have been destroyed only by persistent work and are considered nuisances and pests wherever they appear. They come regularly and remain, requiring work for their extermination when it can be given only by neglecting the crop. A remedy is now used for their extermination which is very simple. Cut down the plant and pour a small quantity of kerosene into the head. The plant will then die and give no further annoyance.

All Fruit trees should be sprayed without regard to whether they have been attacked by insects or disease or escaped, as it is less labor to prevent attacks than to remedy an evil after it appears. It costs more to repair damage than to ward off danger. In some states, such as California, spraying of trees and vines is enforced by law. If the grower neglects his duty he is considered as one maintaining a public nuisance, and some official is ordered to spray the orchard, and add the cost to the tax bill of the negligent grower.

The Washtenaw County Pioneer and Historical society will have a real old-fashioned home at the next fair. The house will be an old-fashioned log cabin with a stick chimney. It will be build in the Washtenaw county fair grounds at Ann Arbor, and is to cost about \$500. Each one who donates will have his or some one of his family's name indelibly marked in the logs. The interior will be furnished with old furniture, and will contain many heirlooms. A large number of persons have already subscribed to the fund needed.

During each and every month that the Wilson Tariff was in force the bank clearing at London were larger than those at New York. Prior to that interesting event and up to the time that the certainty of Free-Trade was foisted upon us New York's clearings were greater than those of London. Since the Dingley bill went into operation we have worked back into our former prominent position, and each month now shows that New York's bank clearings are hundreds of millions of dollars ahead of those of London.—New York "Commercial."

John Cruze writes to the Rural World as follows: "Have just had some experience with mange or scab on pigs. Lost 14 out of 36 from dosing them with eyerthing I heard or read about in despair until common sense came to my aid. I figured it out that it was a parasite under the skin, and to cure the pig the parasite must be destroyed. So I mixed up some turpentine and coal oil, and added quite a bit of sulphur. Then, while the pigs were at the trough, I squirted the mixture all over them from nose to tail by means of a machine oil can. Have not lost a pig since, and have not been obliged to repeat the dose."

Box holders at the post-office should remember that only the mail addressed to the lessee, or to his employes, to the members of his family or firm, or when so ordered by the lessee to his temporary visitors or guests, can be in such box. Patrons wishing their mail delivered to some other person must so order the postmaster by a written notice. Parties having money orders to be cashed and wishing the same to be paid to another person must sign the same over to such person on the back of the order. To simply sign the money order on the face of it is not sufficient and cannot be paid by the postmaster to another. Patrons having boxes should keep same locked at all times to insure safety of mail. Anyone, however, caught meddling with boxes will be severely dealt with by the postoffice officials. It will be well for some of our smart boys to bear this in mind. Patrons not having boxes should have their mail addressed to the "general delivery." Box holders should have their mail matter bear their box numbers. The number of box placed on transient mail will facilitate its prompt delivery. Otherwise if ordered placed in box it must first go in general delivery and afterwards be transferred as ordered.

# SPRING AND SUMMER

Means a general shaking up of everything. Whether you are going to move or not, look around and see if you don't need some

# PRINTING.

Perhaps you have a small quantity of stationery left—that need not prevent you from ordering some more.

## A Few Words

About your printing. There is such a thing as getting good work at reasonable prices. The place to get that kind of work at that kind of a price is at

The Herald Office.

The depth of the Atlantic between the Canary islands and the West Indies is something awful. A pretty level bottom runs right away from the African islands to the American ones, gradually deepening to nearly 19,000 feet.

The greatest electric searchlight in the world, now being erected at Ft. Monroe to guard the entrance to the Chesapeake, has a beam of light nine feet in diameter, will illuminate an object 100 miles off, and can be seen on the clouds at even a greater distance.

CIENFUEGOS (pronounced the-en-fway-gose, with the accent on the third syllable) was named in honor of Jose Cienfuegos y Jovellanos, who was captain general of Cuba, 1816-1819. The town was founded during his rule. Its name in English means "hundred fires."

The "duograph" is a device that has been brought out in France for enabling direct correspondence between blind persons and those who can see. It is a kind of typewriter, which prints the letters in relief so that they are both visible to the eyes and sensible to the touch.

The island of Porto Rico, which was discovered by Columbus in 1493, was named by him San Juan and was so called until the eighteenth century, when it became known as San Juan de Porto Rico, and is now generally shortened to Porto Rico. It is pronounced Por-to Reek-o, and means a rich port.

PRINCE HENRY, of Prussia, who is leading the German naval expedition to China, and who visited the emperor and empress of China, is reported to have found the emperor a nervous, trembling individual, while his wife exhibited the masterful activity and ability which confirms the native suspicion that she is the real ruler of the Yellow Kingdom.

CAPT. NISBEE is one of the few American naval officers who possess the right to wear a foreign decoration. The emperor of Germany tendered him the cross of the Prussian Red Eagle in recognition of his services in the invention of a deep-sea sounding machine, much esteemed in the German navy. An act of congress, passed in 1882, was required to enable him to accept it.

MRS. W. D. SLOANE is about to make one great palace of the former residence of her sister, Mrs. Elliott F. Shepard, at Fifty-second street and Fifth avenue, New York, and her own mansion adjoining it. She will make the Sloane residence one of the most magnificent in this country. Before the improvements are completed, it is said, the cost will reach the half a million mark.

The volunteers who think that \$13 per month is small pay may find consolation in the knowledge that the common soldier in Russia receives three rubles per annum—about \$2.25. The day rations consist of two pounds of suchary, which is a very coarse kind of bread made of cracked rye, baked hard at first, then cut into small pieces and further dried in a heated oven; a small quantity of salt and some soup.

In the regular army the drum is a "back number," except as it appears in concerted music. All the calls are by bugle, as this has been found to have many points of superiority. One is its compact form, another its lesser liability to get out of order. A drum may easily have its head broken and is difficult to mend in the field; it is useless when wet. A bugle gives a far clearer sound and its calls can be heard at a longer distance.

A NORTH CAROLINA hilltop on which a fine house had been built proved to have such an attraction for lightning that the owner, in fear for his life, moved out at last and let the place go to ruin. A Pittsburgh man read the newspaper stories of the "lightning-haunted" hill, meditated a while, finally bought the place for little or nothing, and in less than six weeks located an almost inexhaustible iron mine. For 12 years it has annually yielded iron ore enough to pay for the whole plant four times over.

The war has brought the half military salutation into still more general popularity. Even ladies consider that it is much more reverent and popular than the old custom of the gentlemen lifting their hats to the women, and many of the "sex divine" are now returning and giving the half military salutation instead of the old time formal bows. It is a little awkward at the start, but the half military salutation is the most graceful manner of greeting friends, and besides it is much more dignified than old time "bowing and scraping."

The grave diggers who were employed to dig Mr. Gladstone's grave in Westminster abbey came upon a leaden coffin of some unknown person. They also found remains of other persons of whose burial there is no record, among them a skull very much worn away, but seemingly that of a young man; shoulder bones and small bones of the arm in excellent preservation, but completely browned through age. And at a greater depth skulls were found, which, like the others, were only kept free from disappearance into mold by the dryness of the soil.

### VIGOROUS ACTION.

Conference at Washington Decides That the War with Spain Shall Be Pushed.

Washington, June 20.—The original plans of campaign for the conduct of the war against Spain will be adhered to and will be pushed with vigor and energy. The decision was reached at a war council held at the white house Saturday, at which were present President McKinley, Secretaries Alger and Long, Gen. Miles, Assistant Secretary Meiklejohn, Admiral Sicard and Capt. Mahan. Of course there will be some slight modifications made necessary by the changes that have occurred since the beginning of hostilities, but these after all will not affect the general plans of operations. Gen. Miles returned from Florida with a store of information respecting the condition of the troops, difficulties to be expected in the progress of the campaign, needs in the matter of transportation and terminal facilities that will be freely availed of to correct the defects in the present system that experience has developed.

The official declaration to the effect that the campaign is to be pushed with vigor does not necessarily mean an immediate attack upon Havana, although such advice has been tendered. It does mean that the very best efforts are to be put forth to put the army in condition where it can be used with overwhelming effect at any point or points at almost a moment's notice. To this end the troops now in camp are to be thoroughly trained and hardened, and when they leave the United States their equipment will be the best a soldier can have, fit for any season, wet or dry, cold or hot. With such an army at com-

### DEATH IN A DIVING BELL.

Two Men Lose Their Lives While Searching for Sunken Steamer's Cargo in Thunder Bay.

Alpena, Mich., June 20.—Word was received here of the drowning of George Campbell and Peter Olsen at Thunder Bay on Friday last while engaged at work in a diving bell recovering the cargo of the sunken steamer Pewabic, which was lost about a year ago in 116 feet of water. Campbell was the founder of the famous diving bell and a son of Gardiner Campbell, founder of the centennial bell.

The bell was sent down at 10:30 o'clock Saturday morning with the two men inside. Campbell telephoned to the steamer that they were in the break in the Pewabic's hull and asked for hooks. The telephone worked well and the men could be heard moving about the bell. Suddenly all sounds ceased. Capt. Phelps, of the Root, then rang the telephone bell, which proved that the circuit was perfect, but no other sounds could be secured. An effort was made to hoist the bell, but it had fouled in the wreck and could not be moved. In the efforts to raise the bell the derrick was disabled. A heavy sea came up, but repairs were made, and at five o'clock in the afternoon the bell was cleared from the wreck and partially hoisted, when the derrick again gave out. The anchor was slipped and the bell towed into the bay, getting into smooth water about 11 o'clock. Once out of the sea the bell was hoisted aboard the Root and was found to be full of water. Both men were drowned. Olson was sitting in his seat, with his feet under levers, showing that he had scarcely moved. The bell had filled through one of the windows, which was found broken. The auto-

### WORK OF THE VESUVIUS.

First Test of the Dynamite Cruiser in War Proves Highly Satisfactory.

Off Santiago de Cuba, via Kingston, Jamaica, June 16.—The dynamite cruiser Vesuvius joined the fleet Monday and was put to work immediately. Ensign Palmer, of the New York, went on board the Vesuvius with Lieut. Commander Pillsbury to explain the location of the batteries. A few minutes from midnight the Vesuvius was about half a mile from the beach west of El Morro. The Oregon's searchlight played on the battery while the black nose of the cruiser pointed at the westward batteries. Lieut. Commander Pillsbury gave the word to fire and Lieut. Quimby opened the air vent. There was a slight hissing, a sort of coughing noise, but no flame, no report, no warning to the Spaniards who were hiding in the darkness. Thirty seconds later a dull roar broke the silence of the tropical night. Two hundred pounds of guncotton had exploded on the hillside below the battery. The ships on the blockade lines two miles away shook with the explosion. The firing of a 13-inch shell is a mere rifle crack compared to the deep and mighty roar. Clouds of earth thrown up from the hills seemed to stand out against the black sky.

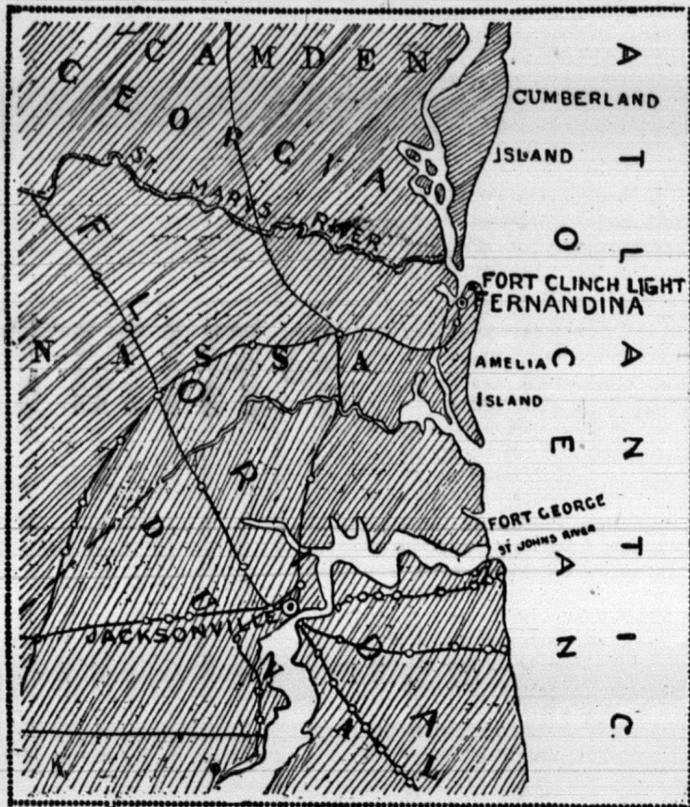
Another package of guncotton was dropped on the other side of the battery and may possibly have struck the torpedo boats anchored below. Before the echoes of the second died away the Vesuvius sent a third charge hissing

### THROWS MORE SHELLS.

Sampson Again Bombards Batteries at Santiago—Good Work Done by the Warships.

On Board the Dispatch Boat Dauntless, off Santiago de Cuba, via Kingston, Jamaica, June 17.—Rear Admiral Sampson's fleet bombarded the batteries at Santiago de Cuba for the third time at daylight Thursday morning. For hours the ships pounded the batteries at the right and left of the entrance, only sparing El Morro, where Lieut. Hobson and his companions of the Merrimac are in prison. The western batteries, against which the main assault was directed, were badly wrecked. One was utterly destroyed. In others many guns were dismounted. At first the Spaniards replied passionately and wildly, but impotently. Then most of the guns were deserted. Not a ship was struck nor a man injured on the American side. It is believed that the enemy's loss of life was heavy.

As a preliminary to the hammering given the batteries the dynamite cruiser Vesuvius Wednesday night at midnight was given another chance. Three 250-pound charges of guncotton were sent over the fortifications at the entrance. The design was to drop them in the bay around the angle, back of the eminence on which El Morro is situated, where it was known that the Spanish torpedo boat destroyers were lying. Two charges went true, as no reports were heard—a peculiarity of the explosion of guncotton in water. Whether the destroyers were demolished is not known, but the destructive



NEW UNITED STATES ARMY CAMP.

The troops intended for Puerto Rico will probably rendezvous at Fernandina, a safe and comfortable port in northern Florida, near the Georgia state line.

mand, numbering no less than 100,000, the fate of Havana cannot long remain a doubt when once this army is hurled upon it.

The big state, war and navy buildings presented a deserted appearance Sunday, in marked contrast with the rush and bustle of business on week days. No news of importance was received from any direction. The transports with the troops for Santiago are expected to arrive not later than some time to-day, but nothing of special interest beyond the fact of their arrival is anticipated for two or three days at the earliest. The landing of an army on a hostile coast, it is pointed out, is not a matter of a few hours even under favorable circumstances, and therefore the officials will not be surprised if a forward land movement is not begun before late in the present week.

Madrid, June 20.—The statement that President McKinley has sent to Admiral Cervera and Gen. Pando messages saying that he would hold them personally responsible for the lives of Lieut. Hobson and his men has produced a disagreeable impression here in military circles, as showing that President McKinley distrusts the military honor of the Spaniards, who, on their part, despise all threats. Such messages, it is declared, render the future exchange of the prisoners most unlikely.

#### Killed by Lightning.

Jacksonville, Fla., June 20.—When about to go in bathing at Pablo beach Sunday afternoon James T. Gatewood, private stenographer to Gen. Fitzhugh Lee, was struck by lightning and instantly killed. Gatewood was from Richmond, Va., and had been here about a week. The lightning came from a clear sky, hitting Gatewood at the base of the brain and passing down the spinal column.

matic iron shutter had been broken for some time and Capt. Phelps had asked to have it repaired, but Mr. Campbell had neglected to do the work.

### TRAGEDY IN WISCONSIN.

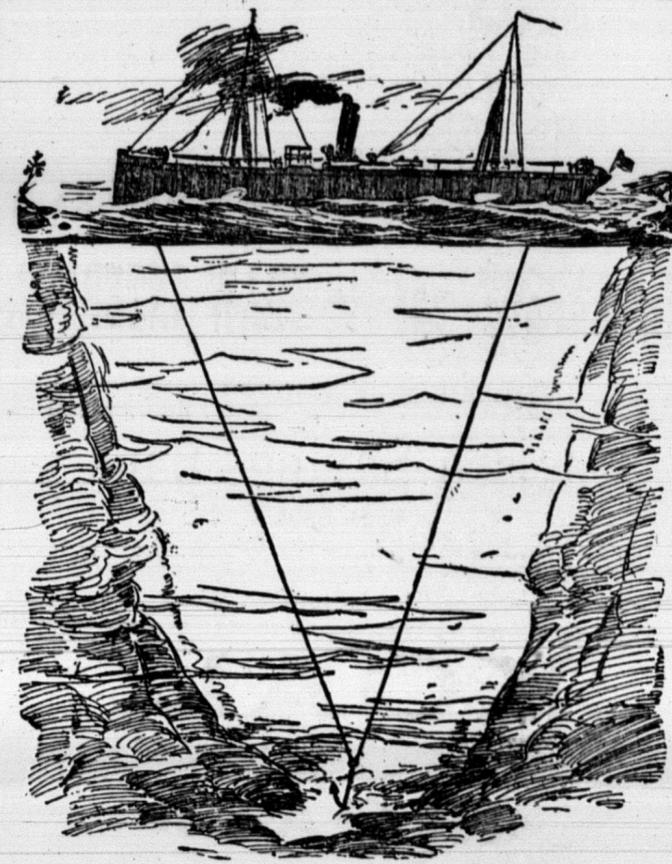
Farmer's Wife Ridicules His Marksmanship and He Sends a Bullet Into Her Brain.

Portage, Wis., June 20.—Edward Scherbarth, a German farmer residing just outside the city, shot and killed his wife Sunday afternoon with a 32-caliber revolver. The ball entered the left eye and penetrated the brain. The man and woman were alone and but little information can be obtained concerning the circumstances. Scherbarth was under the influence of liquor and said to persons who arrived on the scene soon after the shooting that he had been indulging in a little target practice with his revolver when his wife came out of the house and banded him about his poor marksmanship, saying, among other things, that he could not hit the broad side of a barn. It enraged him and he pointed the revolver at the woman and fired.

### BAD FIRE OUT WEST.

Business Portion of Park City, Utah, Is Destroyed by Flames—Loss Close to \$1,000,000.

Salt Lake City, Utah, June 20.—A special to the Tribune from Park City, Utah, says: The business portion of Park City, on Main street, excepting a few business houses on the upper end of the street, burned to the ground Sunday morning. The fire started about four o'clock in the American hotel, and, being fanned by a south wind, swept the entire street. Park City's business portion is now a mass of ruins. The damage is probably close to a million dollars.



PLACING THE MERRIMAC IN SANTIAGO CHANNEL.

In sinking the Merrimac in the channel of Santiago de Cuba the work required a first-class naval officer who knew how to put a spring on the cable and let the current or tide carry out his wishes in regard to swinging his ship at a right angle to the channel previous to sinking her. To put a line on a cable a line or chain is passed out of an aft chock, or port, led forward and bent on the chain attached to the anchor that is to be used. On letting go the anchor the cable is paid out forward and until enough cable has run out to hold the ship broadside to the tide. Then the cables are made fast, and by paying out cable at either bow or stern, as may be required, the ship will swing by the action of the tide to any desired angle.

out. It fell right on the brow of the hill where the battery seemed to lie. Into the air flew tons of earth and the smoke covered the land for half a mile. The Vesuvius retired at a 16-knot rate. Two flashes from the hill and two Spanish shells flew beyond the cruiser. The test is regarded as highly satisfactory and there is intense interest in the fleet over this first trial in war of a dynamite cruiser.

#### Weyler Is Spiteful.

London, June 18.—The Madrid correspondent of the Daily Telegraph says: Gen. Weyler, in the course of an interview regarding the war operations, said he thought it needless to send a fleet to Cuba. In his opinion, at any rate, it would have been better to have made a dash for the coast towns and to have sent a squadron to defend the Philippines, thus "saving the Yankees from the temptation to possess islands which they never coveted till they saw that they could be captured."

#### "Satisfactory" for Spain.

Madrid, June 15.—In the chamber of deputies Lieut. Gen. Correa, minister of war, declared that the government could have no motive in hiding the truth as to the American landing at Guantanamo. Communication, he said, had been cut between Santiago and Guantanamo, but as soon as dispatches were received they would be published. Gen. Aznar said the news as to the landing was "very satisfactory for Spain."

#### Didn't Hurt Her.

Madrid, June 17.—Cervera cables that shells from an American warship at high elevation struck the Vizcaya, but owing to her excellent armor the Spanish cruiser was not damaged.

area of guncotton is large, and it would not be surprising if it is subsequently ascertained that one or both were destroyed. The third charge exploded with terrific violence on Cayo Smith.

Camp McCalla, Guantanamo Bay, June 16, via Kingston, Jamaica, June 17.—The brick fort and earthworks at Caimanera, at the end of the railroad leading to the city of Guantanamo, were demolished Wednesday by the bombardment of the Texas, Marblehead and Suwanee. The warships opened fire at two p. m. and the bombardment lasted one hour and 30 minutes.

The Texas steamed slowly up the channel leading to the fortifications, followed closely by the Marblehead. The Texas fired two shots at range finders, both falling short and to the right. The Marblehead stood off to the west side of the channel and opened with her five-inch guns on the fort, knocking down part of the wall.

The Texas then threw in some 12-inch shells, tearing down the walls and fort and throwing the brick and mortar 30 feet in the air.

After badly damaging the fort, the Marblehead stood further in to shell the earthworks and barracks at the west end of the harbor. She knocked them into the air and when the Spaniards fled from the fort they were shelled by the St. Paul and driven into the bushes.

The Spaniards fired only five shots, which did no damage.

#### Suits the Sultan.

Constantinople, June 17.—The sultan has given notification of his approval of the appointment of Oscar S. Straus, of New York, as United States minister to Turkey, in succession to Dr. James B. Angell, resigned.

...L.S.  
...Done  
...Daunt-  
...Kingston,  
...Sampson  
...at time at  
...For hours  
...at the  
...see, only  
...Hobson  
...Merrimac  
...batteries,  
...it was di-  
...One was  
...any guns  
...the Span-  
...d wildly,  
...the guns  
...as struck  
...mean side,  
...s loss of  
...immering  
...ite cruis-  
...at mid-  
...Three  
...on were  
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...ck of the  
...is situ-  
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...ers were  
...ue, as no  
...arity of  
...n water,  
...e demol-  
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## SHELLS SPREAD RUIN.

### Splendid Marksmanship of the American Gunners.

#### Bombardment of the Defenses of Santiago Results in Awful Destruction—Flag on Morro at Half-Mast—Spanish General Killed.

On Board the Dispatch Boat Dauntless, Off Santiago de Cuba, via Kingston, Jamaica, June 20.—A careful inspection of the fortifications along the crest of the hills defending Santiago harbor since the bombardment Thursday morning shows that the American gunners spread wreck and ruin everywhere. Some of the batteries were demolished beyond repair. The vultures which circled on level wings over the hills as thick as swallows around a chimney for hours after the firing ceased furnished ghoulish evidence of the fatality among the Spanish soldiers. Hundreds of troops could be seen from the ships digging in mounds of earth piled up by the explosions of the projectiles from the heavy guns for bodies while their heads were fanned by the wings of the black scavengers of the battlefield. There were two spots, one on the east and the other on the west of the harbor entrance, which were denuded of the foliage. The hill-tops seem literally blown away. These marked the places where the 200-pound charges of gun cotton blown by the Vesuvius landed.

#### Morro's Flag at Half-Mast.

But the most ominous token of death flew from Morro castle. The saffron flag of Spain was half-masted for several hours. The significance of this is not known. It is not customary to half-mast flags, but possibly some Spanish leader was killed by the heavy fire of our guns, though some officers of the squadron believe that the flag was half-masted as a notification to the Americans that Lieut. Hobson and his brave men were dead. If such is the case they must have been wantonly murdered. The Spanish might seek to lay their death to the bombardment, but not a shot from the American ships struck the fortress. Neither Admiral Sampson nor Commodore Schley believe that Lieut. Hobson and his party have been killed.

#### Spanish General Killed.

Spies report to Admiral Sampson that the Spanish general, Joral, and several officers were killed by the gun cotton explosion at the first trial of the batteries of the Vesuvius.

#### A Destructive Bombardment.

From the foretop of the Brooklyn, 2,900 yards distant, the men in the grounds could be noticed, but a minute later dust and flying debris would take their places, and when the smoke cleared away only a spot of red earth could be seen—guns and gunners had been swept away. It was the most deadly and destructive bombardment of the war thus far. Scarcely a shot from the big guns of the squadron went astray. The aim of our gunners was superb, and not only were the coast forts annihilated, but the batteries on Cayo Smith, up the harbor, were destroyed. Had all the ships used smokeless powder, as did the New Orleans, there would remain no signs of guns or fortifications to indicate that there had ever been any defenses there.

#### Not a Man Lost.

There were no casualties in the fleet, although the ships held a fixed position, as if inviting the Spaniards to fire upon them. The half-stripped ships' gunners never worked with more enthusiasm. The words of Rear Admiral Sampson were: "First silence the batteries on the shore and then continue firing until the fortifications are reduced." This order was strictly obeyed. It was the first time that such instructions had been given, and the men responded with a will. In 33 minutes the order was given to cease firing, and the message went to each ship from the admiral: "Well done;" and the officers and men turned in for breakfast. Every detail of the engagement had been executed to the letter, from the opening of fire by the New York to the last shot from the Iowa. The Spaniards were evidently surprised while strengthening their fortifications. The first shot of the New York landed full and fair on the top of the hills to the east where the gunners were already at work erecting new pieces. The earth seemed to rise in a cloud, and when the 12-inch shells of the Iowa and the 13-inch beauties of the Oregon landed squarely and fairly a great cheer went up from the ships. The western squadron got into line and began firing before the eastern one did, and the effect of the shots could be plainly seen. The Spanish gunners at the batteries could be noted, and a quick fire was returned, but only for a brief time did they withstand the terrible assault of the fleet.

#### Shores Swarm with Spaniards.

Several attempts to find landing places for the United States troops within a distance of two miles west of Santiago have demonstrated, along with previous inquiries to the eastward, that the shore for 15 miles is lined with Spaniards. While this will not prevent a landing close to Santiago, it may entail considerable delay, as the surrounding country must be thoroughly shelled and cleared before the troops can land in safety.

## PLUGGING THE PIANO.

### Mr. Gozlezby Finds Temporary Relief from the Heavy Pedal by Simple Means.

"It is a familiar fact," said Mr. Gozlezby, parents, that children, without exception, like to play the piano with the hard pedal on all the time. All children like to make all the noise they can, in playing the piano in everything else. Playing upon the piano without the heavy pedal does not disturb me at all; but the minute the heavy pedal is put on I am greatly disturbed, and the continued resounding of the notes fairly racks me.

"Of course, I can't be forever saying 'don't, and it's ungracious to say it at all, I suppose, for why shouldn't the children have their fun? And so I hit upon the desperate expedient of blocking the heavy pedal. I have whittled out a nice little piece of soft white pine into a plug that just fits into the space under the pedal in the opening in which it works, so that the pedal cannot be depressed.

"It has only been there two days now, but it has been two days of blessed relief. It can't last much longer, because the children are liable to ask me any minute what's the matter—I wonder they haven't asked me long ago—and of course I'll have to tell 'em, but I am grateful for the rest I have had, and the respite has given me strength the better to withstand, for a time at least, the uproar that will surely come when the children discover the plug."—N. Y. Sun.

## A FATALITY AVOIDED.

From the Democrat, Goshen, Ind.

When neuralgia is accompanied by a dull, heavy pain near the heart, frequently becoming intense, it generally terminates fatally. Mrs. Nancy Flynn, who lives near Goshen, Indiana, survived such an attack and her advice is worth heeding.

"In the fall of '92," she said, "I began to have trouble with my heart. There was a sharp pain in my breast which became rapidly worse. The doctor was puzzled and put me under the influence of opiates. These sharp attacks followed one another at intervals and I became weak and had a haggard look. I was constantly in pain, seldom slept and had no appetite.

"At the end of two years I was confined to my couch most of the time and the doctors agreed that my death was only a matter of a short time.

"One day I noticed in a newspaper an item about a woman having been cured of neuralgia of the heart by Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People and I concluded to try them.

"When I had finished one box I noticed an improvement in my condition, and when I had taken twelve boxes I was completely cured. 'Those pills have done for you what we could not do,' said one of my physicians, 'they have saved your life.'

"That was two years ago and my heart has not troubled me since. I believe I owe my life to Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People, and I take pleasure in telling others about them."

Among the many forms of neuralgia are headache, nervousness, paralysis, apoplexy and locomotor ataxia. Some of these were considered incurable until Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People were formulated. To-day thousands testify to having been cured of such diseases by these pills.

Doctors frequently prescribe them and all druggists sell them.

#### Multiplying Chances.

Jeweler—That's the seventh engagement ring I've sold you this week.

Customer—Yes; our regiment goes south next Sunday, and I want to be sure of a wife when my two years are up.—Jewelers Weekly.

#### Blood-Cleaning.

House-cleaning is a duty in every well-regulated household. People don't wait until the filth becomes painfully apparent, but it stands to reason that in every day use more or less dust or dirt accumulate. It is so with the human blood. From the enormous variety of eatables taken into the stomach, a quantity of useless material is bound to accumulate in the blood and clog the free and wholesome flow in the vessels. Every person should from time to time have a "blood-cleaning," and the best cleanser and blood purifier is Cascarets Candy Cathartic. We recommend them to all our readers.

## THE MARKETS.

New York, June 20.	
LIVE STOCK—Native Steers	\$4 50 @ 5 20
Sheep	3 00 @ 4 30
Hogs	4 00 @ 4 30
FLOUR—Minnesota Bakers'	5 25 @ 5 50
Winter Patents	6 20 @ 6 25
WHEAT—No. 2 Red	85 @ 89
No. 2 Red July	81 @ 85
CORN—No. 2	37 @ 37 1/2
July	36 3/4 @ 37 1/4
OATS—No. 2 White	29 @ 29 1/4
July	28 3/4 @ 29
BUTTER—Creamery	19 1/4 @ 17
Factory	10 1/4 @ 12 1/2
EGGS	10 1/4 @ 12
CHICAGO.	
CATTLE—Shipping Steers	\$4 30 @ 4 75
Texas Steers	3 60 @ 4 50
Stockers	3 00 @ 4 00
Feeders	2 70 @ 4 25
Bulls	3 70 @ 3 95
HOGS—Light	3 30 @ 4 00
Mixed	3 25 @ 3 16
SHEEP	14 @ 16
BUTTER—Creamery	11 1/4 @ 13 1/4
Dairy	8 1/4 @ 10 1/4
EGGS	11 1/4 @ 12 1/4
POTATOES, New (per bbl.)	1 35 @ 2 10
PORK—September	9 70 @ 9 75
LARD—September	5 85 @ 5 97 1/2
RIBS—September	6 50 @ 5 55
GRAIN—Wheat, July	76 1/4 @ 78 1/4
September	68 1/4 @ 70 1/4
December	62 1/4 @ 63 1/4
Corn, July	32 1/4 @ 33
September	27 1/4 @ 28 1/4
Oats, July	22 1/4 @ 24 1/4
MILWAUKEE.	
GRAIN—Wheat, July	\$ 86 @ 87
September	27 1/4 @ 28
Oats	45 @ 43 1/4
Rye, No. 1	55 @ 55 1/4
Barley, No. 2	55 @ 55 1/4
KANSAS CITY.	
GRAIN—Wheat, No. 2	75 @ 80
Corn, No. 2 White	32 1/4 @ 33
Oats, No. 2	26 1/4 @ 28 1/4
Rye, No. 2	40 @ 40 1/4
ST. LOUIS.	
CATTLE—Native Steers	\$4 00 @ 5 20
Texas Steers	3 15 @ 4 50
Stockers and Feeders	3 75 @ 3 85
HOGS—Packers	3 50 @ 3 90
Butchers	3 50 @ 4 75
SHEEP	3 50 @ 4 75
OMAHA.	
CATTLE—Native Steers	\$4 00 @ 4 90
Cows and Heifers	3 50 @ 4 30
Western Steers	3 35 @ 4 30
Oats	3 70 @ 3 85
HOGS	3 50 @ 4 35
SHEEP	3 50 @ 4 35

## Can Our Coast Be Effectually Blockaded?

If confidence can be felt in the opinion of military and naval officers in high places at the seat of government, such is the vast extent of our sea coast to blockade it effectually, even if our navy and sea coast defenses could offer no adequate resistance, seems to be impossible. When a blockade of the bowels exists, relieve constipation with Hostetter's Stomach Bitters, which conquers dyspepsia, malaria, rheumatism and kidney trouble.

#### Its Rarity.

Mrs. Wicks—Why is old china so valuable?  
Mrs. Ricks—On account of its rarity.  
"But I don't see why it should be so very rare?"

"Well, with my experience of servants, I must confess that a piece of china that lasts a month is a wonder to me."—Harper's Bazar.

#### A Child's Understanding.

Teacher—Now that you have taken part in the Memorial day exercises, can you tell me what the especial significance of this day is—why we keep it as we do?

Tommy Jones—We have Memorial day so the boys can have their road races and the magnates can work in two ball games.—Chicago Evening News.

#### Try Allen's Foot-Ease.

A powder to be shaken into the shoes. At this season your feet feel swollen, nervous and hot, and get tired easily. If you have smarting feet or tight shoes, try Allen's Foot-Ease. It cools the feet and makes walking easy. Cures swollen and sweating feet, blisters and callous spots. Relieves corns and bunions of all pain and gives rest and comfort. Try it to-day. Sold by all druggists and shoe stores for 25c. Trial package FREE. Address, Allen S. Olmsted, Le Roy, N. Y.

#### The Genuine Thing.

Sturgis had been visiting without any other member of the family. The evening after his return his little sister asked him if he had said his prayers every night. "No, not once," replied Sturgis; "I had a really-truly vacation."—Judge.

#### Many People Cannot Drink

coffee at night. It spoils their sleep. You can drink Grain-O when you please and sleep like a top. For Grain-O does not stimulate; it nourishes, cheers and feeds. Yet it looks and tastes like the best coffee. For nervous persons, young people and children Grain-O is the perfect drink. Made from pure grains. Get a package from your grocer to-day. Try it in place of coffee. 15 and 25c.

#### Just Like a Man.

"Our nation," the orator rehearsed before the mirror, "went forth with bread in one hand and the sword in the other." "Isn't that just like a man?" his wife interrupted him to ask; "a woman would have taken a bread knife."—Indianapolis Journal.

Shenandoah's Continued Success at McVicker's Theater, Chicago.

People are flocking to McVicker's from all of the surrounding country to see this great military spectacle.

#### Dropping Him Hard.

He—Ah, yes, I know I'm my own worst enemy.  
She—Oh, you egotist!—Chicago Evening News.

Dr. Hayes, of Buffalo, N. Y., says that Hay-Fever is simply an acute manifestation of Asthma and proves his position by curing Hay-Fever with the same medicines he employs in curing Asthma.

Every faller es lookin' for soft snap and every soft snap seem to be dodgin' lak deacons.—Denver Times-Sun.

Fits stopped free and permanently cured. No fits after first day's use of Dr. Kline's Great Nerve Restorer. Free \$2 trial bottle & treatise. Dr. Kline, 933 Arch st., Phila., Pa.

A boy arrives at the age when he takes his hat off at the door as naturally as he takes the measles.—Washington (Ia.) Democrat.

Piso's Cure for Consumption has saved me many a doctor's bill.—S. F. Hardy, Hopkins Place, Baltimore, Md., Dec. 2, '94.

Trouble is a visitor that walks in without knocking, for it is pretty well acquainted everywhere.—Denver Times-Sun.

Hall's Catarrh Cure Is taken Internally. Price 75c.

Boarding house vegetables all taste alike—of water and salt.—Aitchison Globe.

## SYRUP OF FIGS



NEVER IMITATED QUALITY!

## THE EXCELLENCE OF SYRUP OF FIGS

is due not only to the originality and simplicity of the combination, but also to the care and skill with which it is manufactured by scientific processes known to the CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP Co. only, and we wish to impress upon all the importance of purchasing the true and original remedy. As the genuine Syrup of Figs is manufactured by the CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP Co. only, a knowledge of that fact will assist one in avoiding the worthless imitations manufactured by other parties. The high standing of the CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP Co. with the medical profession, and the satisfaction which the genuine Syrup of Figs has given to millions of families, makes the name of the Company a guaranty of the excellence of its remedy. It is far in advance of all other laxatives, as it acts on the kidneys, liver and bowels without irritating or weakening them; and it does not gripe nor nauseate. In order to get its beneficial effects, please remember the name of the Company—

### CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP CO.

SAN FRANCISCO, Cal.  
LOUISVILLE, Ky. NEW YORK, N. Y.

## AN OLD BULLY.

People who live in fear of his attacks.

## How to avoid him or beat him off.

If biliousness isn't the bully of the body then what is? When once biliousness gets the upper hand you don't dare say your stomach is your own. "Don't you dare eat that dish says biliousness, or you'll see what I'll do." You take the dare and you do see or rather feel, the weight of the bully's revenge. The head aches, not a regular ache, but an open and shut ache. The eyes ache, not with a dull, tired ache, but with an aggressive ache, as if they were being bored by a gimlet. The stomach trembles with nausea. "The whole head is sick and the whole heart is faint." There are scores of hundreds of people who live so under the dominion of this bully biliousness that they don't dare eat or drink without his permission. There's no need of such slavery. Dr. J. C. Ayer's Pills effectually cure biliousness.

"For fifteen years I have used Dr. J. C. Ayer's Pills, and find them very effective in all kinds of bilious complaints. They are mild in operation and easy to take. I prefer them to any other pill, and have yet to see the case where they have failed to cure."—A. SWANBERG, Texarkana, Ark.

"I have used Dr. J. C. Ayer's Pills in cases of biliousness and general disorders of the stomach and bowels and have found

them to be always reliable. They are less liable to gripe than other purgatives, and although mild in action, they are thorough in operation. They are the best family physic that can be had."—PETER J. DUFFY, Rockport, Texas.

"Having used Dr. J. C. Ayer's Pills for years and thoroughly tested them, both as a preventive and cure for biliousness, I can truthfully say that I believe them to be the best medicine for the purpose and they do all that is claimed for them."—JNO. E. KOLB, Shark, Ark.

Biliousness is in general but a symptom of a more stubborn disorder, constipation. Constipation is the root of almost all physical evils, and Dr. J. C. Ayer's Pills cure almost all these physical evils by going to the root. They cure constipation, and the consequent maladies, biliousness, heartburn, palpitation, shortness of breath, sleeplessness, nervous irritability, foul breath, coated tongue, and a score of other miserable maladies that have their origin in constipation. Dr. Ayer's Pills are the surest and safest remedy for all diseases of the liver, stomach, and bowels. Send for Dr. Ayer's Curebook and read the story of cures told by the cured. Free. Address the J. C. Ayer Co., Lowell, Mass.



## A Beautiful Present

FREE for a few months to all users of the celebrated ELASTIC STARCH, (Flat Iron Brand). To induce you to try this brand of starch, so that you may find out for yourself that all claims for its superiority and economy are true, the makers have had prepared, at great expense, a series of three

## GAME PLAQUES

exact reproductions of the \$10,000 originals by Muville, which will be given you ABSOLUTELY FREE by your grocer on conditions named below. These Plaques are 40 inches in circumference, are free of any suggestion of advertising whatever, and will ornament the most elegant apartment. No manufacturing concern ever before gave away such valuable presents to its customers. They are not for sale at any price, and can be obtained only in the manner specified. The subjects are:

American Wild Ducks, English Quail, American Pheasant, English Snipe.

The birds are handsomely embossed and stand out natural as life. Each Plaque is bordered with a band of gold.

## ELASTIC STARCH

has been the standard for 25 years.

TWENTY-TWO MILLION packages of this brand were sold last year. That's how good it is.

ASK YOUR DEALER to show you the plaques and tell you about Elastic Starch. Accept no substitute.

## How To Get Them:

All purchasers of three 10 cent or six 5 cent packages of Elastic Starch (Flat Iron Brand), are entitled to receive from their grocer one of these beautiful Game Plaques free. The plaques will not be sent by mail. They can be obtained only from your grocer.

Every Grocer Keeps Elastic Starch. Do not delay. This offer is for a short time only.

## "BREVITY IS THE SOUL OF WIT." GOOD WIFE, YOU NEED

# SAPOLIO

## FREE! WANTED

All persons looking for a home to join one of the fifteen successful and profitable colonies now forming along the St. Paul & Duluth Railroad in Minnesota. Cheap lands, good soil, pure water, clear streams, beautiful lakes, a healthful climate, freedom from drought and malaria, excellent markets. The King of all countries for the DAIRY BUSINESS, and Diversified Farming—Maps and Circulars free. Address HOWE, BELL & CLARK E. Land Commissioner, 303 Globe Building, St. Paul, Minn.

## INSOMNIA

"I have been using CASCARETS for Insomnia, with which I have been afflicted for over twenty years, and I can say that Cascarets have given me more relief than any other remedy I have ever tried. I shall certainly recommend them to my friends as being all they are represented."—THOS. GILLARD, Elgin, Ill.

### CANDY CATHARTIC

# Cascarets

TRADE MARK REGISTERED

REGULATE THE LIVER

Pleasant, Palatable, Potent, Taste Good, Do Good, Never Sicken, Weaken, or Grip. 10c, 25c, 50c.

... CURE CONSTIPATION. ...

Sterling Remedy Company, Chicago, Montreal, New York, 318

Sold and guaranteed by all druggists to CURE Tobacco Habit.

## OLD BICYCLES Made New

... AT CHICAGO ...

Cutting down, Remodeling to present style. Re-naming, Re-nickeling. It is entirely practical for people living at a distance to secure HIGHEST GRADE WORK AT LOWEST prices. (Freight rates are cheap. Ship, collect, insure, etc., supplied at close.)

ASK "WHIPPLE'S PUNGUTURINE."

For repair price list address mail order dept., WHIPPLE CYCLE CO., 260, W. Jackson St., Chicago.

## AGENTS WANTED For the LIFE and TIMES of GLADSTONE

by the celebrated historian, John Clark Ridpath, LL. D. A sumptuous volume of nearly 600 pages, uniform in size with Ridpath's History of the World. Magnificently illustrated and bound, it will be eagerly taken by all classes. A bonanza for agents. Secure canvassing outfit and territory now. Liberal terms and credit given to agents. Full line of illustrated descriptive material FREE. Address JONES BROTHERS PUBLISHING CO., CINCINNATI, OHIO.

## DROPSY NEW DISCOVERY

gives quick relief and cures worst cases. Send for book of testimonials and 10 days' treatment free. Dr. H. H. GIBBS'S SOX, Atlanta, Ga.

## UNIVERSITY EDUCATION

The Overland Monthly, San Francisco, offers free scholarships at the Stanford University at the University of California, including four years' course, board, lodging, & railway fare. Stamp for particulars.

## PISO'S CURE FOR

COUGHS WHERE ALL ELSE FAILS.

Best Cough Syrup. Tastes Good. Use in Time. Sold by druggists.

### CONSUMPTION

A. N. R.—A 1714

WHEN WRITING TO ADVERTISERS please state that you saw the Advertisement in this paper.

**Odds and Ends.**

A medical authority sounds the praises of onions. They are excellent blood purifiers. Boiled onions used frequently in a family of children will ward off many diseases to which the little ones are subject. As an external application they are successfully used in cases of coup and earache. They are good for the complexion, an lady who has a wonderfully clear, fine complexion attributes it to the liberal use of onions as food. People troubled with wakefulness may be assured a good night's rest often if just before retiring they will eat a raw onion. When troubled with a hard cough, if a raw onion eaten the phlegm will loosen almost immediately, and can then be easily expectorated.

The Klondike fever has subsided decidedly since the war with Spain has been declared. In fact, one hears but little news from the gold fields now, and there is not much demand for news except by those who have relatives or friends in that Eldorado. The public clamor is for news from the seat of war, and while every bit of information in swallowed eagerly it is the truth the people want. Sensations, while always read, leave a bad taste in the mouth and bring out harsh and bitter criticisms against the originators, that may live after the war is over. Let us hope in the meantime that the Clondikers are getting rich and will come back with their gold some day to help along the cause of prosperity.

Find out for what work you have a preference, and then learn to do that work perfectly. Put your whole heart into it, with reserve, and do not forget that means work, not dawdling, nor play. And do not receive the stupid impression that, per se, one kind of work is more dignified than another. Katie, who is making bread in her mother's kitchen, or doing housework in the home of a kind employer, if she does the work well, is as honorably engaged as Mary is who sits in a studio transferring colors to canvass, and seeing pictures grow beneath her brush. All good work, all honest work, well done, is praiseworthy. It is sketchy, unfinished, seamy or half-hearted work, which is a disgrace.

People grow to appreciate the value of fruit each year. They eat it not as a luxury, but as a staple article of food. Fruits are nourishing, refreshing, appetizing and purifying and consequently have effect upon the health and the complexion. Yet there are differences. Grapes and apples are highly nutritious. Grapes usually agree with the most delicate persons, for they are so easily digested. Nothing is easier to digest than a baked apple taken either with or without cream. Oranges, lemons and limes are of great value as a means of improving the complexion, and they are especially good if taken before breakfast. Ripe peaches are easy of digestion and are fattening. Nothing is better to enrich the blood than strawberries, which contain a larger percentage of iron than any other fruit. Fruit with firm flesh, like apples, cherries or plums, should be thoroughly masticated, otherwise it is not easily digested. The skin of raw fruit should never be eaten, and before eating grapes or any other small fruit care should be taken to remove all impurities by washing. Never swallow grape stones. State fruit and unripe fruit should never be eaten and very acid fruit should not be taken with farinaceous foods unless the person has vigorous digestion.

The Petoskey Record very truthfully says: "In one thing Michigan is away behind her sister states. We have no effective law to prevent the killing of our citizens by ignorant or fanatical quacks, and hundreds of lives are taken by these medical pretenders every year. Horse doctors, cow doctors, crazy faith cures, mind cures, and other occult 'healers' slaughter their hundreds, as surely as though they shot them through the heart, without let or hindrance. Any man can buy a bogus medical diploma for from \$25 to \$75 and register. In one largely populated county fifty-eight alleged doctors, all holding purchased diplomas from the 'Independent Medical College' of Chicago, have registered since Dec. 5th, 1896, and not one of them is better qualified to practice medicine than a blacksmith. One of these men let fifteen patients, mostly children, die of typhoid last winter, where no regularly educated physician in the county lost a case. It is a shame and bitter disgrace to the intelligence of our state that these things are true. If a man pretends to be an insurance agent and collects your money for bogus policy, you see that he is landed in the penitentiary for obtaining money under false pretenses. But a man claiming to be a doctor with a diploma from a bogus medical college, or a fanatic claiming to be divinely inspired, may come into your home and murder your wife and child and what recourse have you? None. Michigan is pointed at with the finger of derision by more enlightened and humane states, as being the dumping ground of quackery for the whole north-west.

**Scientific Conceptions and Social Potency.**

The first Napoleon's hatred of and contempt for "idealogue" expressed in part the practical man's scorn for mere dreamers, but expressed far more the antagonism of brute force to that subtle ideal force with which it had to struggle in vain. For ideas have their own laws of growth, and as the tender shoot of some vegetable organism will upheave the heavy sod or split the hard rock, so will the development of some new conception often defy the constraints of material compression. The minute egg of the coral animal may grow into an oceanic islet, or into a reef besides which ships may sail for days, or even into a densely peopled land, with its railways, cities and busy commerce. Similarly, an idea from the brain of some Descartes or Hobbes, some solitary sage of Konigsberg, or a Geneva skull, full of imagination, but empty of morals, may, in the course of a few centuries, transform the aspect of the civilized world. The present is a time when scientific conceptions have a quite exceptional social potency, and we venture to think that some of those who have attained currency merit more attention from non-scientific readers than they have received on account of the relations they bear to temporary political. We believe that many of the errors of even the most extreme school of Nihilists are the outcome of one recondite and mistaken—philosophic idea, apparently quite remote from the sphere of politics. This idea may be shortly expressed as the mechanical conception of the universe. But if we are right in believing that this conception is at the root of such political errors, they have also a common origin from a source much less remote. They may be considered, in the first place, as developments of the main political error of Jean Jacques Rousseau, whose dreams have had results which now threaten so much of Europe with revolution and anarchy. This main political error is the conception that the art of politics is a mere matter of counting heads, one man being absurdly represented to be "as good as another." Hence arises the profound error of regarding a nation as a mere loose aggregate of similar units, instead of as an organic whole composed of a system of mutually related parts (having very different values and very diverse functions) from the family upward. But this imaginary reduction of one national, organic whole into a mass of separate, similar atoms is really but one of many examples of that modern tendency to regard all action as merely mechanical which has in interestingly invaded every branch of knowledge, to the profound detriment of morals and religion.—*British Quarterly Review.*

**Who's a Hoosier?**

A story is told by some of the old residents of the State to the effect that the word was first applied to Indians about the time when Madison was the center of a large pork trade, and the farmers for a hundred miles around would drive their hogs there in great droves. The peculiar noise that they kept up in driving the swine—sounded something like "Hoo-ee! Hoo-ee! hoo-ee!" to their being called, by a corruption of the sound, "Hoosiers." The story, if true, would make the origin of the word comparatively recent, and it can not be accepted with credence for the reason that the palmy porkopol days of Madison were long after the Hoosiers had become known. The first that is known of the word appearing in print was in 1830, when John Finley, the Wayne County poet, wrote a New Year's poem for the *Journal* entitled "A Hoosier's Nest," in which a description of the pioneer cabin in Indiana is given. The poem, in the light of one of the traditional stories, gives something of an idea of the manner in which the word came into use. The first few lines read:

I'm told in riding somewhere west  
A stranger found a "Hoosier's nest,"  
In other words, a Buckeye cabin,  
Just big enough to hold Queen Mab in.  
Its situation—low but airy—  
Was on the borders of a prairie;  
And, fearing he might be benighted,  
He hailed the house and then alighted.  
The Hoosier met him at the door,  
Their salutations soon were o'er.

It was the custom among the early pioneers in Indiana in traveling through the country to halt a cabin by calling out: "Who lives here?" and "Who's here?" About the time of the treaty of peace with the Indians, in 1818, and when the State was very sparsely settled, travel was attended by great dangers, and no man ever rode away from home without his rifle. As a common precaution of safety, when a traveler saw in the distance the smoke from a camp or cabin fire, he would call out, upon coming within hearing distance, "Who's here?" and from the response he would know if he was among friends. From a corruption of this form of salutation the people of Indiana were called Hoosiers. Doubtless settlers, in writing back to friends at their old homes, would say that they "were among the Hoosiers," and in a few years the appellation sprang into general use. General W. H. H. Terrell, whose researches in the early history of Indiana have been thorough, and who may be accepted as authority, says that this is the true origin of the word, and Governor Wright is credited with saying that it was a corruption of the form of salutation of the early settlers of the Western country. A critical interpretation of Finley's poem seems to give proof of this explanation.—*Indianapolis Journal.*

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**Letter List.**

Following are the letters remaining unclaimed in the postoffice at Chelsea, June 20, 1898:

Mrs. David Behm.

Persons calling for any of the above please say "advertised."

GEO. S. LAIRD P. M.

**Bucklen's Arnica Salve.**

The Best Salve in the world for Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Feyer Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chilblains, Corns, and all Skin Eruptions, and positively cures Piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box. For sale by Glazier & Stimson.

Shippers of live stock to the Chicago market all agree, says the Chicago Drovers Journal, that fat cattle are very scarce and young stock cattle still scarcer. Taking this general information as a basis, many have been bold enough to predict that prices will soon advance. This was apparently the situation two months ago, and yet cattle have come to market during that time in such liberal supplies that prices for the heavy branded steers have subsided almost continuously. Supplies are still up to the average, and with the distillery crop just commencing it is hard to guess when this "shortage" is going to begin. The present season has shown that more range cattle were put on feed than ever before.

**The Parlor Barber Shop,  
Chelsea, Mich.**

Good work and close attention to business is my motto. With this in view, I hope to secure, at least, part of your patronage.

GEO. EDER, Prop.

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**REVIVO**

RESTORES VITALITY. Made a Well Man of Me. THE GREAT 30th Day.

**FRENCH REMEDY,**

Produces the above results in 30 DAYS. It acts powerfully and quickly. Cures when all others fail. Young men and old men will recover their youthful vigor by using REVIVO. It quickly and surely restores from effects of self-abuse or excess and indiscretions Lost Manhood, Lost Vitality, Impotency, Nightly Emissions, Lost Power of either sex, Failing Memory, Wasting Diseases, Insomnia, Nervousness, which unites one for study, business or marriage. It not only cures by starting at the seat of disease, but is a

Great Nerve Tonic and Blood-Building and restores both vitality and strength to the muscular and nervous system, bringing back the pink glow to pale cheeks and restoring the fire of youth. It wards off Insanity and Consumption. Accept no substitute. Insist on having REVIVO, no other. It can be carried in vest pocket. By mail, \$1.00 per package, in plain wrapper, or six for \$5.00, with a positive written guarantee to cure or refund the money in every package. For free circular address

**ROYAL MEDICINE CO., CHICAGO, ILL.**

For sale at Chelsea, Mich., by

ARMSTRONG & CO

**Dana's Sarsaparilla**

"The Kind that Cures," will give you pure blood; make your stomach digest readily; your liver and kidneys active; your nerves strong. That's only assertion, but we back it up with this—YOUR MONEY BACK IF IT DOES NOT. This is an offer honest like the medicine. EVERY bottle of DANA'S is guaranteed to benefit or you get your money back.

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**Real Estate for Sale.**

STATE OF MICHIGAN, County of Washtenaw, ss. In the matter of the estate of Geo. W. Palmer, deceased. Notice is hereby given that in pursuance of an order granted to the undersigned administratrix of the estate of said Geo. W. Palmer by the Hon. Judge of Probate for the County of Washtenaw, on the 15th day of June, A. D. 1898, there will be sold at Public Vendue, to the highest bidder, at the east front door of the Court House, in the County of Washtenaw, in said State, on Saturday, the 8th day of August, A. D. 1898, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon of that day (subject to all encumbrances by mortgage or otherwise existing at the time of the death of said deceased) the following described real estate, to-wit:

All that certain piece or parcel of land owned by said Geo. W. Palmer at the time of his decease, situated in the Third Ward of the City of Ann Arbor, bounded as follows: On the east by Main street, on the northerly by the Chubb Road so called, on the westerly by the right of way of the Ann Arbor Railroad, and on the southerly by the lands of Daniel Hiscock. Dated, June 17th, 1898.

**SUSAN A. PALMER, Administratrix.**

**Probate Order.**

STATE OF MICHIGAN, County of Washtenaw, ss. At a session of the Probate Court for the County of Washtenaw, holden at the Probate Office, in the City of Ann Arbor, on Tuesday, the 21st day of June in the year one thousand eight hundred and ninety-eight. Present, H. Wirt Newkirk, Judge of Probate. In the matter of the estate of Timothy E. Sullivan, deceased. On reading and filing the petition duly verified, of Catharine Sullivan, praying that the administration of said estate may be granted to herself or some other suitable person. Thereupon it is ordered, that Friday, the 24th day of July next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, be assigned for the hearing of said petition, and that all other persons interested in said estate, and all other persons appearing at a session of said Court, then to be holden at the Probate Office, in the City of Ann Arbor, and show cause, if any there be, why the said petition should not be granted. And it is further ordered, that said petitioner give notice to the persons interested in said estate, of the pendency of said petition, and the hearing thereof, by causing a copy of this order to be published in the Chelsea Herald, a newspaper printed and circulated in said county, three successive weeks previous to said day of hearing.

H. WIRT NEWKIRK, Judge of Probate.

[A true copy.] P. J. LEHMAN, Probate Register.

**Notice to Creditors.**

STATE OF MICHIGAN, County of Washtenaw, ss. Notice is hereby given, that by an order of the Probate Court for the County of Washtenaw, made on the 21st day of May, A. D. 1898, six months from that date were allowed for creditors to present their claims against the estate of Albert Korzy, late of said County, deceased; and that all creditors of said deceased are required to present their claims to said Probate Court, at the Probate Office in the City of Ann Arbor, for examination and allowance on or before the 25th day of November next, and that such claims will be heard before said Court on the 25th day of August and on the 25th day of November next, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon of each of said days. Dated, Ann Arbor, May 6th, A. D. 1898.

**Mortgage Foreclosure.**

DEFAULT having been made in the payment of a certain mortgage made by Alexander K. Zacharias and Rebecca L. Zacharias, his wife, to Daniel Putnam, Treasurer of the Baptist Convention of the State of Michigan, dated the 15th day of October, 1888, and recorded in Liber 7 of Mortgages, on page 67, in the office of the Register of Deeds of Washtenaw County, Michigan, at 8 o'clock a. m., on the 9th day of October, 1888, which mortgage was duly assigned by said Daniel Putnam, treasurer, to the undersigned W. W. Beman, Treasurer, by deed of assignment dated the 25th day of March, 1896, on which mortgage there is claimed to be due, at the date of this notice, Four Hundred and Forty-Two dollars, and no suit in law or equity having been instituted for the collection of such indebtedness or any part thereof.

Now Therefore, by virtue of the powers of sale contained in said mortgage, and in the statute in such case made and provided in relation thereto, hereby given that on Saturday, the Second day of July, next, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon of that day, at the south front door of the Court House, in the City of Ann Arbor, Michigan, (that being the building in which the Circuit Court for Washtenaw County is held; there will be sold at public auction, to the highest bidder, the premises described in said mortgage, or as much thereof as may be necessary to satisfy the above indebtedness, including taxes, costs of foreclosure, and an attorney fee provided for in said mortgage. The premises to be sold are described as follows: Lots number one (1) and two (2) according to the recorded plat of the Village of Superior, Washtenaw County, Michigan.

April 6th, 1898. W. W. BEMAN, Treasurer and Assignee of Mortgage, W. D. HARRIMAN, Attorney.

**Notice to Creditors.**

STATE OF MICHIGAN, County of Washtenaw, ss. Notice is hereby given, that by an order of the Probate Court for the County of Washtenaw, made on the 25th day of May, A. D. 1898, six months from that date were allowed for creditors to present their claims against the estate of Richard Webb, late of said County, deceased; and that all creditors of said deceased are required to present their claims to said Probate Court, at the Probate Office in the City of Ann Arbor, for examination and allowance, on or before the 25th day of November next, and that such claims will be heard before said Court, on the 25th day of August and on the 25th day of November next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon of each of said days. Dated, Ann Arbor, May 25, A. D. 1898.

H. WIRT NEWKIRK, Judge of Probate.

**Probate Order**

STATE OF MICHIGAN, County of Washtenaw, ss. At a session of the Probate Court for the County of Washtenaw, holden at the Probate Office in the City of Ann Arbor, on Tuesday, the 31st day of May in the year one thousand eight hundred and ninety-eight. Present, H. Wirt Newkirk, Judge of Probate. In the matter of the estate of John C. Taylor, deceased.

H. M. Taylor the administratrix of said estate comes into court and represents that she is now prepared to render her final account as such administratrix.

Thereupon it is ordered, that Friday, the 24th day of June next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, be assigned for examining and allowing said account and that the heirs-at-law of said deceased, and all other persons interested in said estate, are required to appear at a session of said Court, then to be holden at the Probate Office, in the City of Ann Arbor, in said County, and show cause, if any there be, why the said account should not be allowed. And it is further ordered, that said administratrix give notice of the pendency of said account, and the hearing thereof, by causing a copy of this Order to be published in the Chelsea Herald, a newspaper printed and circulating in said county, three successive weeks previous to said day of hearing.

H. WIRT NEWKIRK, Judge of Probate.

[A true copy.] P. J. LEHMAN, Probate Register.

**Mortgage Foreclosure.**

WHEREAS, default has been made in the conditions of payment of two certain mortgages made by John Stoll and Catharine Stoll his wife. One of said mortgages to secure the payment of \$400 dollars, being made by George Bros, and dated the 8th day of March, 1880, and recorded in the Register of Deeds of Washtenaw County, in Liber 50 of mortgages, page 198, on the 17th day of March, 1880, at 5 o'clock p. m., which mortgage was assigned to the Ann Arbor Savings Bank by deed of assignment, dated the 8th day of March, 1882, and recorded in Liber 7 of assignments of mortgages, on page 348, on the 22nd day of March, 1882, at 11 o'clock and 45 minutes a. m. The other of said mortgages dated the 13th day of April, 1881, being given to Christian Mack to secure the payment of \$400, which mortgage was recorded in the Register's office of April, 1881, in Liber 60 of mortgages, on page 230, and afterwards assigned by said Christian Mack to the Ann Arbor Savings Bank by deed of assignment dated the 23rd day of December, 1881, and recorded in Liber 7 of assignments, on page 251. Both of said mortgages being long past due, and whereas by reason of said default the same are claimed to be due at this date on the same terms and the notes accompanying the same, the sum of Seven Hundred and Seventy-eight dollars and Nine cents, (\$778.00) and no suit or proceedings at law having been taken to recover the same or any part thereof, now therefore notice is hereby given that by virtue of the power of sale in said mortgages, and the statutes of the State of Michigan, and the order signed will sell at public auction to the highest bidder, on Saturday, the 25th day of July next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, at the south front door of the Court House, in the City of Ann Arbor, (that being the building in which the Circuit Court for the County of Washtenaw is held,) the premises described in said mortgages, or so much thereof as may be necessary to satisfy the amount due on said mortgages, together with the costs of this foreclosure.

The premises to be sold are described as follows: That part of the east half of the north-east quarter of section 20, in Township 2 south, range 6 east, and being section 20, road running from Ann Arbor to Jackson, as described as follows: Beginning at the west line of said land conveyed to Geo. W. Allen, five chains west of the east line of said quarter section, thence south line of said quarter section, thence west line of said quarter section, thence north line of said line, thence northwesterly highway known as McCormick's line, to the place of beginning, and thence thence to the place of beginning, it being the piece of land conveyed to Geo. W. Allen by the heirs at law of said George W. Allen. Dated April 18th, 1898.

ANN ARBOR SAVINGS BANK, Assignee.

By W. D. HARRIMAN, Attorney.